INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Members of JAYKAY ENTERPRISES LIMITED

Report on the Audit of Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the standalone financial statements of JAYKAY ENTERPRISES LIMITED ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31st March 2021, and the statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, and the Profit, Total Comprehensive Income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to note no. 30 to the financial statements, which reads as under:

The business of the Associate M/S Nebula 3D Services Private Limited has impacted badly due to pandemic disease (Covid- 19 first and second wave). However, there is no impact on going concern of the company as the company expects good market in future. Therefore, the management is of the view, there is no need to impair further in the value of investment in the Associate.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of above matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements for the year ended March 31 2021. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key Audit Matters to be communicated in our reports.

| SI | Reporting | How was the Key Audit Matter addressed in |
|-----|---|--|
| no. | | the audit |
| 1 | Assessment of Deferred Tax Assets not recognized by the company on carry forward of losses Rs. 1812.30 lacs | Principal Audit Procedure Performed |
| | (Refer note 22(a) to the financial statements) The recognition and measurement of deferred tax items require determination of difference between the recognition | i. We have tested the period over which the deferred tax assets on unabsorbed losses would be recovered against future taxable income. |

and the measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses in accordance with the Income Tax Act and other applicable tax laws including application of ICDS and financial reporting in accordance with Ind AS .Assessment of deferred tax assets is done by the management at the close of each financial year taking into account forecast of future taxable results. Considering the probability of future taxable income, the company had not recognised Deferred tax Assets (DTA) of Rs.471.20 lacs on carry forward loss of Rs. 1812.30 lacs. We have considered the assessment of deferred tax liabilities and assets as a Key Matter due to the importance of management estimation and judgement and a materiality of the amount.

.ii We have tested the management under lying assumption and judgement in estimating the future taxable income.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of above matter.

Information Other than the Standalone financial statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other Information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, Total Comprehensive Income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient
 and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from
 fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
 misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

(a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

(b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears

from our examination of those books.

(c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, statement of changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of

account.

(d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards

specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

(e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2021 from being appointed as a

director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.

(f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the

operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".

(g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and

according to the explanations given to us:

i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone

financial statements - Refer Note No 26(b). to the financial statements.

ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were

any material foreseeable losses.

iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection

Fund by the Company.

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the Annexure A a statement on the matters

specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

For Gupta Vaish & Co. **Chartered Accountants**

Registration Number: 005087C

Date: 29-06-2021

Place: Kanpur

Rajendra Gupta

(PARTNER) Membership Number: 073250

UDIN NO 21073250AAAACB7243

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ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Re: JAYKAY ENTERPRISES LIMITED

The Annexure referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021, We report that:

- i. In respect of its Fixed Assets:
 - (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including Quantitative details and situation of fixed assets other than furniture and fixtures and office equipments.
 - (b) The assets have been physically verified by the management during the year. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the title deeds of the immovable properties are held in the name of the Company. However, the company does not hold title deeds of four buildings, details given below:

Total No. of Cases: 4

Gross Block: Rs. 2,56,23,287 Net Block: Rs. 41,83,178

ii. In respect of its Inventories:

The Company has stock in trade of Land and Building only and, therefore, the provisions of clause 3(ii) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 are not applicable to the Company.

III. In respect of loans, secured or unsecured, granted by the Company to Companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act 2013, according to the information and explanations given to us:

The Company has not granted any loan to Companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Therefore the provisions of the Companies (Auditor's Report) order, 2016, are not applicable to the company.

- **IV.** In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act, with respect to the loans and investment made.
- V. In our opinion and according to information and explanations given to us, the company has not accepted any deposits within the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, therefore, the provisions of paragraph 3(v) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) order, 2016, are not applicable to the company.
- Vi. No manufacturing activities have been carried out during the year, the provisions of clause 3(vi) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 are, therefore, not applicable to the Company.
- VII. According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of statutory and other dues:
 - (a) The Company is generally regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, goods and service tax, duty of custom, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues applicable to it.

According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Provident fund, Employees State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, goods and service tax, Duty of Custom, Duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, GST, Cess and other material Statutory dues were in arrear as at 31st March, 2021 for a period more than six months from the date they became payable.

- (b) According to the records of the company, there are no cases of income tax, sales tax, service tax, goods and service tax ,duty of custom , duty of excise or value added tax which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- VIII. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to financial institution and banks.
- **iX.** In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the debentures and term loans have been applied for the purposes for which they were obtained.
- X. According to the information and explanations give to us, no material fraud by the company or on the company by its officer or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- XI. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the company has paid/provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with schedule V to the Act.
- XII. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not a nidhi company. Therefore the provisions of paragraph 3 (xii) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) order, 2016, are not applicable to the company.
- XIII. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- XIV. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the company has made preferential allotment of equity shares and partly paid-up convertible warrant during the year.
- XV. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the company has not entered into non- cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him, Therefore the provisions of paragraph 3 (xv) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) order, 2016, are not applicable to the company.
- XVI. The company is not required to be registered under section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For Gupta Vaish & Co. Chartered Accountants Registration Number: 005087C

Date: 29-06-2021 Place: Kanpur

Rajendra Gupta

(PARTNER) Membership Number: 073250

ANNEXURE"B"TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF JAYKAY ENTERPRISES LIMITED

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of JAYKAY ENTERPRISES LIMITED ("the Company") as of 31 March 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Gupta Vaish & Co. Chartered Accountants Registration Number: 005087C

Date: 29-06-2021 Place: Kanpur

Rajendra Gupta

(PARTNER) Membership Number: 073250

Jaykay Enterprises Limited Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2021

| Bulance Sheet | as at 31st March, | 2021 | Amount in ₹ |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Note No. | As At 31st MARCH 2021 | As At 31st MARCH 2020 |
| ASSETS | | | |
| Non-current Assets | | | |
| (a) Property, Plant and Equipment | 1 | 5,17,30,488 | 39,19,896 |
| (b) Investment Property | 2 | 60,69,261 | 64,62,499 |
| (c) Financial Assets | | | |
| (i). Investments | 3 | 24,12,53,718 | 14,11,39,400 |
| (ii). Others | 4 | 4,75,00,000 | 2,50,00,000 |
| Current Assets | | | |
| (a) Inventories | 5 | 25,70,592 | 25,70,592 |
| (b) Financial Assets | | | |
| (i). Cash and cash equivalents | 6 | 23,19,78,662 | 35,48,090 |
| (ii). Bank Balances | 7 | 20,37,04,654 | 27,08,07,794 |
| (iii). Loans | 8 | 6,87,50,000 | 5,25,00,000 |
| (c) Current Tax Assets (Net) | 9 | 93,88,781 | 1,18,14,520 |
| (d) Other current assets | 10 | 1,11,95,364 | 1,17,05,287 |
| Total Assets | | 87,41,41,520 | 52,94,68,078 |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity | | | |
| (a) Equity Share Capital | 11 | 4,35,04,752 | 3,71,34,752 |
| (b) Fully Convertible Warrants | | 2,25,47,500 | |
| (c) Share Premium A/c. | | 5,73,30,000 | |
| (d) Other Equity | 12 | 71,14,21,072 | 44,87,25,617 |
| LIABILITIES | | | |
| Non Current Liabilities | | | |
| Provisions | 13 | 21,54,000 | 21,10,000 |
| Current Liabilities | | | |
| (a) Financial Liabilities | | | |
| (i).Trade payables | 14 | 8,37,864 | 38,12,860 |
| (b). Other current liabilities | 15 | 3,45,27,864 | 3,43,15,458 |
| (c). Provisions | 16 | 18,18,468 | 33,69,391 |
| Total Equity and Liabilities | | 87,41,41,520 | 52,94,68,078 |

The accompanying notes to the financial statements 1-32 This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

For Gupta Vaish & CO. Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Jaykay Enterprises Limited

Partner

ASHOK GUPTA Managing Director

Directors

PRABHAT KUMAR MISHRA CFO & Company Secretary

Place : Kanpur

Date : 29th June 2021.

Jaykay Enterprises Limited

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2021

Note For the year ended For the year ended 31st March 2021 31st March 2020 No. Revenue From Operations 17 30,80,000 30,80,000 18 5,05,78,621 Other Income 21,28,86,971 Total Income 21,59,66,971 5,36,58,621 **EXPENSES** Employee benefit expenses 19 1,84,54,445 2,45,48,990 Finance costs 20 23,237 91 Depreciation and amortization expense 10,44,302 9,84,436 Other expenses 21 3,38,63,850 3,25,46,646 Total expenses 5,33,85,834 5,80,80,163 Profit/(loss) before exceptional items and tax 16,25,81,137 (44,21,542)**Exceptional items** Profit/(loss) before tax 16,25,81,137 (44,21,542)Tax expense: - Current tax Profit/(loss) for the year 16,25,81,137 (44,21,542)Other Comprehensive Income Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Fair Value change on Equity Instrument through Other Comprehensive 10,01,14,318 (7,28,44,352)Income Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Re-measurement of defined benefits Plan 88.000 Total Comprehensive Income for the year 26,26,95,455 (7,71,77,894)Earning per Equity Share of ₹ 1/- each : - Basic - After Comprehensive Income 6.94 (2.08)- Diluted - After Comprehensive Income 5.60 (2.08)

The accompanying notes to the financial statements 1-32

This is the statement of Profit & Loss referred to in our report of even date.

For Gupta Vaish & CO.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Chartered Accountants Jaykay Enterprises Limited

Partner ASHOK GUPTA
Managing Director

PRABHAT KUMAR MISHRA CFO & Company Secretary

Place: Kanpur Date: 29th June 2021. Directors

Amount in ₹

JAYKAY ENTERPRISES LIMITED

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH,2021

| | | | 2020-2021 ₹ | | 2019-2020 ₹ |
|----|---|----------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|
| ۱. | CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | · | | |
| | Profit / (Loss) before Tax and exceptional items as per Profit & Loss | Account | 16,25,81,137 | | (44,21,542) |
| | Adjusted for | | | | |
| | Depreciation | 10,44,302 | | 9,84,436 | |
| | Interest | 23,237 | | 91 | |
| | Interest Received | (2,57,08,730) | | (2,92,77,522) | |
| | Dividend Income | (1,79,660) | | (20,00,941) | |
| | Loss/Assets Written Off | 11,727 | | 2,688 | |
| | OCI Adjustment | - | | 88,000 | |
| | Provisions / Balances written back | (4,82,719) | | - | |
| | Profit on sale of Assets (Net) | (16,63,14,990) | (10.14.04.020) | - (2.000) | (2.02.0 < 2.10) |
| | Profit on sale of Investment (Net) | | (19,16,06,833) | (3,000) | (3,02,06,248) |
| | Operating Profit/(Loss) before Working Capital Changes | | (2,90,25,696) | | (3,46,27,790) |
| | Adjusted for | | | | |
| | (Increase)/Decrease in Loans & Advances | (1,46,84,823) | | 7,61,21,326 | |
| | Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payables & Other Liabilities | (37,86,794) | (1,84,71,617) | 2,22,95,423 | 9,84,16,749 |
| | Cash Generated from Operations | | (4,74,97,313) | | 6,37,88,959 |
| | Refund /(Income Tax Payment) | - | 43,20,870 | - | 6,58,698 |
| | Net Cash from Operating Activities | - | (4,31,76,443) | - | 6,44,47,657 |
| 3. | CASH FLOW FROM IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| | Movement in Fixed Deposits | | 4,46,03,140 | | (6,94,35,517) |
| | Increase in Equity Capital | | 2,89,17,500 | | - |
| | Share Premium A/c. | | 5,73,30,000 | | - |
| | Acquisition of Fixed Assets | | (4,86,64,350) | | (1,19,040) |
| | Investment in Associate Company | | - | | (3,00,00,000) |
| | Sale of Investments (Net) | | - | | 3,600 |
| | Sale of Fixed Assets (Net) | | 16,65,13,886 | | - |
| | Interest Income | | 2,27,50,416 | | 2,43,42,403 |
| | Dividend Income | _ | 1,79,660 | _ | 20,00,941 |
| | Net Cash Used in Investing Activities | - | 27,16,30,252 | _ | (7,32,07,613) |
| | CASH FLOW USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| | Interest Paid | _ | (23,237) | _ | (91) |
| | Net Cash Used In Financing Activities | - | (23,237) | _ | (91) |
| | Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A+B+C) | | 22,84,30,572 | | (87,60,047) |
| | Opening Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents | | 35,48,090 | | 1,23,08,137 |
| | Closing Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents | | 23,19,78,662 | | 35,48,090 |

Notes

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cheques, stamps in hand, balances with banks and deposits with original maturity
of upto three months.

2. Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalent :

Cash and cash equivalent as per Note No.6

23,19,78,662

35,48,090

As per our report of even date attached

For Gupta Vaish & CO.
Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Jaykay Enterprises Limited

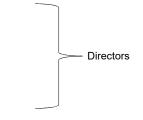
Partner ASHOK GUPTA
Managing Director

PRABHAT KUMAR MISHRA

CFO & Company Secretary

Place: Kanpur

Date : 29th June, 2021



Jaykay Enterpríses Límíted

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31st March, 2021

A EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

Amount in ₹

| | As at 31st | March 2021 | As at 31st N | 1arch 2020 |
|---|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|
| | No. of Shares | Amount | No. of Shares | Amount |
| Balance at the beginning of the year | 37134752 | 3,71,34,752 | 37134752 | 3,71,34,752 |
| Changes in equity share capital during the year | 6370000 | 63,70,000 | - | - |
| Balance at the end of the reporting period | 43504752 | 4,35,04,752 | 37134752 | 3,71,34,752 |
| Fully Convertible Warrants (25% Paid-up) | 9019000 | 2,25,47,500 | - | - |
| Share Premium A/c. | | 5,73,30,000 | | - |

B OTHER EQUITY

Amount in ₹

| | Reserve a | nd Surplus | |
|---|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|
| | Retained Earnings | Other Comprehensive Income | Total |
| As ON 31 MARCH 2020 | | | |
| Balance at the beginning of the reporting period i.e.,1st April, 2019 | 49,04,67,406 | 3,54,36,105 | 52,59,03,511 |
| Other Comprehensive income for the year | 88,000 | (7,28,44,352) | (7,27,56,352) |
| Profit for the year | (44,21,542) | - | (44,21,542) |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | (43,33,542) | (7,28,44,352) | (7,71,77,894) |
| Balance at the end of the reporting period i.e.,31st March , 2020 | 48,61,33,864 | (3,74,08,247) | 44,87,25,617 |

Amount in ₹

| | Reserve ar | nd Surplus | | |
|---|-------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|--|
| | Retained Earnings | Other Comprehensive Income | Total | |
| As ON 31 MARCH 2021 | | | | |
| Balance at the beginning of the reporting period i.e., 1st April, 2020 | 48,61,33,864 | (3,74,08,247) | 44,87,25,617 | |
| Other Comprehensive income for the year | - | 10,01,14,318 | 10,01,14,318 | |
| Profit for the year | 16,25,81,137 | - | 16,25,81,137 | |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | 16,25,81,137 | 10,01,14,318 | 26,26,95,455 | |
| Balance at the end of the reporting period i.e.,31st, March, 2021 | 64,87,15,001 | 6,27,06,071 | 71,14,21,072 | |

Jaykay Enterprises Limited

NOTE NO. 1

NOTES to the Financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

PROPERTY, PLANT & EOUIPMENT

| PROPERI | PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|--|---------------------|-------------|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | | | Gross Block | slock | | | Depreciation | iation | | Net Block | lock |
| SI. No. | Fixed Assets | As at 31-03-2020 | Additions | Adjustment/ Deductions | As at 31-03-2021 | As at 31-03-2020 | For the Year | Adjustment/ Deductions | As at 31-03-2021 | As at 31-03-2021 | As at 31-03-2020 |
| 1 | Leasehold Land | 44,436 | ı | 1 | 44,436 | 6,951 | i | 1 | 6,951 | 37,485 | 37,485 |
| 2 | Buildings | | | | | | | | | | |
| | - Non Investment Property | 2,26,49,067 | 4,86,01,350 | ı | 7,12,50,417 | 1,98,27,197 | 3,10,503 | 1 | 2,01,37,700 | 5,11,12,717 | 28,21,870 |
| ĸ | Plant & Equipment | 39,60,268 | 63,000 | 68,300 | 39,54,968 | 32,67,542 | 3,85,796 | 62,262 | 35,91,076 | 3,63,892 | 6,92,726 |
| 4 | Furiture & Fixtures and Office Equipment | 2,40,336 | 1 | ı | 2,40,336 | 1,49,151 | 20,521 | 1 | 1,69,672 | 70,664 | 91,185 |
| 5 | Vehicle | 20,39,910 | 1 | 8,71,640 | 11,68,270 | 17,63,280 | 87,318 | 8,28,058 | 10,22,540 | 1,45,730 | 2,76,630 |
| | TOTAL | 2,89,34,017 | 4,86,64,350 | 9,39,940 | 7,66,58,427 | 2,50,14,121 | 8,04,138 | 8,90,320 | 2,49,27,939 | 5,17,30,488 | 39,19,896 |
| | Previous Year | 2,88,68,727 | 1,19,041 | 53,751 | 2,89,34,017 | 2,43,21,581 | 7,43,602 | 51,062 | 2,50,14,121 | 39,19,896 | 45,47,146 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

NOTE NO. 2

| INVESTME | INVESTMENT PROPERTY | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | | | Gross Block | 3lock | | | Depreciation | iation | | Net Block | lock |
| SI. No. | Fixed Assets | As at 31-03-2020 | Additions | Adjustment/ Deductions | As at 31-03-2021 | As at 31-03-2020 | For the Year | Adjustment/ Deductions | As at 31-03-2021 | As at 31-03-2021 | As at 31-03-2020 |
| 1 | Buildings | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Investment Proverty | 96,85,722 | • | 3,48,764 | 93,36,958 | 32,23,223 | 2,40,164 | 1,95,690 | 32,67,697 | 60,69,261 | 64,62,499 |
| | TOTAL | 96,85,722 | - | 3,48,764 | 93,36,958 | 32,23,223 | 2,40,164 | 1,95,690 | 32,67,697 | 60,69,261 | 64,62,499 |
| | Previous Year | 96,85,722 | - | - | 96,85,722 | 29,82,389 | 2,40,834 | - | 32,23,223 | 64,62,499 | 67,03,333 |

Note: The Company does not hold title deeds of four cases of Building of which Gross Block is ₹ 2,56,23,287/- and Net Block is ₹ 41,83,178/-

| NON CURRENT ASSET | As At | Amount in ₹ As At |
|---|------------------------|----------------------------|
| PARTICULARS | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 |
| 3 Non-Current Investment | | |
| Investments (As per Annexure) :- | | |
| - Quoted | 20,56,85,718 | 10,55,71,400 |
| - Unquoted | 55,68,000 | 55,68,000 |
| - Non Convertible Preference Share | 3,00,00,000 | 3,00,00,000 |
| TOTAL NON-CURRENT INVESTMENT | 24,12,53,718 | 14,11,39,400 |
| Aggregate amount for Impairment in value of Investments | - | 7,28,44,352 |
| Aggregate amount of quoted investment | 20,56,85,718 | 10,55,71,400 |
| Market value of quoted Investment | 20,56,85,718 | 10,55,71,400 |
| Aggregate amount of unquoted investment | 55,68,000 | 55,68,000 |
| Category-wise non current Investment | | |
| Investment carried at cost | 3,02,23,328 | 3,02,23,328 |
| Investment measured at FVTOCI | 21,10,30,390 | 11,09,16,072 |
| 4 Other Non current Financial Asset | | |
| Fixed Deposits | 4.75.00.000 | 3 50 00 000 |
| (More than One year) | 4,75,00,000 | 2,50,00,000 |
| | 4,75,00,000 | 2,50,00,000 |
| CURRENT ASSET | | |
| 5 Inventories | | |
| Stock-in-trade(Land and Building) | 25,70,592 | 25,70,592 |
| | 25,70,592 | 25,70,592 |
| INANCIAL ASSETS | | |
| CASH AND BANK BALANCES | | |
| 6 Cash and Cash Equivalent | | |
| Balance With Banks | | |
| - In Current Accounts | 8,49,57,821 | 28,06,407 |
| - In Fixed Deposits | | |
| a). Upto 3 months | 14,65,00,000 | • |
| Cheques on Hand | 4,88,935 | 7,05,109 |
| Cash on Hand | 31,906 23,19,78,662 | 36,574 35,48,090 |
| | 23,19,78,002 | 33,46,090 |
| 7 Balance with Banks | | |
| a). Bank Balances (Fixed Deposits upto One year) (including pledged with bank ₹ 1,18,69,057/-) | 20,37,04,654 | 27,08,07,794 |
| (including pleaged with bank (1,18,09,057/-) | 20,37,04,654 | 27,08,07,794 |
| NOTE:- FDR having maturity period of less than 3 months from the original da | te to be computed | |
| LOANS | | |
| 8 LOANS: | | |
| - Un-Secured Considered Good i. Related Parties | 62,50,000 | |
| | 6,25,00,000 | E 2E 00 000 |
| ii. Others | 6,87,50,000 | 5,25,00,000 5,25,00,000 |
| | | 3,23,00,000 |
| 9 CURRENT TAX ASSETS | | |
| Current Tax (Net of Provision) | 45,92,728 | 44,68,797 |
| Income Tax Recoverable | 47,96,053 | 73,45,723 |
| 10. OTHER CHARTES | 93,88,781 | 1,18,14,520 |
| 10 OTHER CURRENT ASSETS | | |
| Prepaid expenses | 2,99,197 | 2,50,857 |
| Interest Receivable | 81,01,423 | 70,38,240 |
| Other Advances | 11,29,875 | 27,51,321 |
| Other Deposits | 16,64,869 | 16,64,869 |
| | 1,11,95,364 | 1,17,05,287 |

| | S to the Financial statements for the year ender PARTICULARS | | | As At 31 March 2021 | Amount in ₹ As At 31 March 2020 |
|------------------------------------|--|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| | | | | | |
| 11 | Equity Share Capital | | | | |
| | Authorised: 1250000000 Equity shares of Rs. 1/- each | | | 1.25.00.00.000 | 1,25,00,00,00 |
| | Cumulative redeemable preference shares | | | 1,23,00,00,000 | 2,23,00,00,00 |
| | 200000, 11% of Rs. 100/- each | | | 2,00,00,000 | 2,00,00,00 |
| | 600000, 14% of Rs. 100/- each | | 6,00,00,000 | 6,00,00,00 | |
| | 200000, 15% of Rs. 100/- each | the emable preference shares if Rs. 100/- each if | | 2,00,00,00 | |
| | 500000 Unclassified shares of Rs. 100/- each | | | | 5,00,00,00 |
| | Issued, Subscribed & Paid Up | | | | 1,40,00,00,00 |
| | 37134752 Equity shares of Re. 1/- each | | | 3.71.34.752 | 3,71,34,75 |
| | | d during the Year | | | -,,, |
| | | | | 4,35,04,752 | 3,71,34,75 |
| | | | | No. of Shares | No. of Shares |
| | Equity Shares at the Beginning of the year | | | | 37134752 |
| | Changes during the year (Refer to Note#29) | | | 6370000 | - |
| | • • | ial basis of Re.1/- e | each) | | |
| | Equity Shares at the end of the year | | | 43504752 | 37134752 |
| | Fully Convertible Warrants Rs.10/- each (25% | | | 2,25,47,500 | - |
| | | | d to be | | |
| | Share Premium A/c. | or anothrent) | | 5,73,30,000 | = |
| | Details Of Shareholders Holding More Than 5 | % Shares | | | |
| | | As At 31 N | March 2021 | As AT 31st M | arch 2020 |
| | Name of Shareholder | No. of Shares | % of | | % of |
| | | | | No. of Shares Held | Shares Held |
| | 1. Smt. Sushila Devi Singhania | 4342787 | 9.98% | 4342787 | 11.69% |
| | 2. Shri Yadu Pati Singhania | - | - | 2048535 | 5.52% |
| | 3. Shri Abhishek Singhania | 5342368 | 12.28% | 293833 | 0.79% |
| | 4. J. K. Traders Ltd. | 7832142 | 18.00% | 4462142 | 12.02% |
| 12 | Other Equity | | | | |
| | Retained Earnings | | | | |
| | 3 3 , | an (OCL) | | 48,61,33,864 | 49,04,67,40 88,00 |
| | Add: Net Profit for the year | all (OCI) | | - 16 25 81 137 | (44,21,54 |
| | Balance at the end of the year | | | 64,87,15,001 | 48,61,33,86 |
| | · | | | | |
| | Other Comprehensive Income(OCI) As per last balance sheet | | | (3,74,08,247) | 3,54,36,10 |
| | Add:- Fair Value Changes on Equity instrume | nts | | 10,01,14,318 | (7,28,44,35 |
| | Closing balance at the end of the year | | | 6,27,06,071 | (3,74,08,24 |
| | , | | | 71,14,21,072 | 44,87,25,61 |
| | Notes to Other Equity :- | | | | |
| | | | ffeet of se sees | urement defined obligati | onc |
| 12(i). | Retained earnings is the cumulative profits of the | | | | UIIS. |
| | This reserve can be utilized in accordance with t | the provision of the | e Companies Act | , 2013. | OIIS. |
| | | the provision of the s the Fair Value Ch | e Companies Act | , 2013. | ons. |
| (ii). | This reserve can be utilized in accordance with to Other Comprehansive Income (OCI) represent | the provision of the s the Fair Value Ch | e Companies Act | , 2013. | uns. |
| (ii). | This reserve can be utilized in accordance with to Other Comprehansive Income (OCI) represent be re-classified to profit or loss account in future | the provision of the s the Fair Value Ch | e Companies Act | , 2013. | 21,10,00 |
| (ii). | This reserve can be utilized in accordance with to Other Comprehansive Income (OCI) represent be re-classified to profit or loss account in future PROVISIONS: | the provision of the s the Fair Value Ch | e Companies Act | , 2013. ed items which would | 21,10,00 |
| (ii). 13 CURR | This reserve can be utilized in accordance with to Other Comprehansive Income (OCI) represent be re-classified to profit or loss account in future PROVISIONS: Provision for Employees benefits ENT LIABILITIES | the provision of the s the Fair Value Ch | e Companies Act | , 2013. ed items which would 21,54,000 | |
| (ii). 13 CURR FINAN | This reserve can be utilized in accordance with to Other Comprehansive Income (OCI) represent be re-classified to profit or loss account in future PROVISIONS: Provision for Employees benefits ENT LIABILITIES ICIAL LIABILITIES | the provision of the s the Fair Value Ch | e Companies Act | , 2013. ed items which would 21,54,000 | 21,10,00 |
| (ii). 13 CURR FINAN | This reserve can be utilized in accordance with to Other Comprehansive Income (OCI) represent be re-classified to profit or loss account in future PROVISIONS: Provision for Employees benefits ENT LIABILITIES ICIAL LIABILITIES TRADE PAYABLES | the provision of the s the Fair Value Ch | e Companies Act | 2013. ed items which would 21,54,000 21,54,000 | 21,10,00 21,10,00 |
| (ii). 13 CURR FINAN | This reserve can be utilized in accordance with to Other Comprehansive Income (OCI) represent be re-classified to profit or loss account in future PROVISIONS: Provision for Employees benefits ENT LIABILITIES ICIAL LIABILITIES | the provision of the s the Fair Value Ch | e Companies Act | 21,54,000 21,54,000 21,54,000 | 21,10,00 21,10,00 38,12,86 |
| (ii). 13 CURR FINAN | This reserve can be utilized in accordance with to Other Comprehansive Income (OCI) represent be re-classified to profit or loss account in future PROVISIONS: Provision for Employees benefits ENT LIABILITIES ICIAL LIABILITIES TRADE PAYABLES | the provision of the s the Fair Value Ch | e Companies Act | 2013. ed items which would 21,54,000 21,54,000 | 21,10,00 21,10,00 |
| (ii). 13 CURR FINAN 14 | This reserve can be utilized in accordance with to Other Comprehansive Income (OCI) represent be re-classified to profit or loss account in future PROVISIONS: Provision for Employees benefits ENT LIABILITIES ICIAL LIABILITIES TRADE PAYABLES Others | the provision of the s the Fair Value Ch | e Companies Act | 21,54,000 21,54,000 21,54,000 | 21,10,00 21,10,00 38,12,86 |
| (ii). 13 CURR FINAN 14 | This reserve can be utilized in accordance with to Other Comprehansive Income (OCI) represent be re-classified to profit or loss account in future PROVISIONS: Provision for Employees benefits ENT LIABILITIES ICIAL LIABILITIES TRADE PAYABLES Others OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES Security Deposits | the provision of the s the Fair Value Ch e years | e Companies Act | 21,54,000 = 21,54,000 = 8,37,864 = 8,37,864 = 10,05,000 | 21,10,00 21,10,00 38,12,86 38,12,86 |
| (ii). 13 CURR FINAN 14 | This reserve can be utilized in accordance with to Other Comprehansive Income (OCI) represent be re-classified to profit or loss account in future PROVISIONS: Provision for Employees benefits ENT LIABILITIES ICIAL LIABILITIES TRADE PAYABLES Others OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES Security Deposits Payable to Debenture holders/Preference Sh | the provision of the s the Fair Value Ch e years | e Companies Act | 21,54,000 21,54,000 21,54,000 8,37,864 8,37,864 10,05,000 72,91,939 | 21,10,00 21,10,00 38,12,86 38,12,86 10,05,00 72,96,56 |
| (ii). 13 CURR FINAN 14 | This reserve can be utilized in accordance with to Other Comprehansive Income (OCI) represent be re-classified to profit or loss account in future PROVISIONS: Provision for Employees benefits ENT LIABILITIES ICIAL LIABILITIES TRADE PAYABLES Others OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES Security Deposits Payable to Debenture holders/Preference Sh Statutory Dues | the provision of the s the Fair Value Ch e years | e Companies Act | 21,54,000 21,54,000 21,54,000 8,37,864 8,37,864 10,05,000 72,91,939 6,75,716 | 21,10,00 21,10,00 38,12,86 38,12,86 10,05,00 72,96,56 12,38,05 |
| (ii). 13 CURR FINAN 14 | This reserve can be utilized in accordance with to Other Comprehansive Income (OCI) represent be re-classified to profit or loss account in future PROVISIONS: Provision for Employees benefits ENT LIABILITIES ICIAL LIABILITIES TRADE PAYABLES Others OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES Security Deposits Payable to Debenture holders/Preference Sh | the provision of the s the Fair Value Ch e years | e Companies Act | 21,54,000 21,54,000 21,54,000 8,37,864 8,37,864 10,05,000 72,91,939 6,75,716 2,55,55,209 | 21,10,00 21,10,00 38,12,86 38,12,86 10,05,00 72,96,56 12,38,05 2,47,75,83 |
| (ii). 13 CURR FINAN 14 | This reserve can be utilized in accordance with to Other Comprehansive Income (OCI) represent be re-classified to profit or loss account in future PROVISIONS: Provision for Employees benefits ENT LIABILITIES ICIAL LIABILITIES TRADE PAYABLES Others OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES Security Deposits Payable to Debenture holders/Preference Sh Statutory Dues Other Payables | the provision of the sthe Fair Value Ches the Fair Value Ches years | e Companies Act langes of Specifi | 21,54,000 21,54,000 21,54,000 8,37,864 8,37,864 10,05,000 72,91,939 6,75,716 2,55,55,209 3,45,27,864 | 21,10,00 21,10,00 38,12,86 38,12,86 10,05,00 72,96,56 12,38,05 2,47,75,83 |
| (ii). 13 CURR FINAN 14 | This reserve can be utilized in accordance with to Other Comprehansive Income (OCI) represent be re-classified to profit or loss account in future PROVISIONS: Provision for Employees benefits ENT LIABILITIES ICIAL LIABILITIES TRADE PAYABLES Others OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES Security Deposits Payable to Debenture holders/Preference She Statutory Dues Other Payables * These amounts have been claimed by Debe | the provision of the sthe Fair Value Ches the Fair Value Ches years ares holders * | e Companies Act langes of Specifi | 21,54,000 21,54,000 21,54,000 8,37,864 8,37,864 10,05,000 72,91,939 6,75,716 2,55,55,209 3,45,27,864 | 21,10,00 21,10,00 38,12,86 38,12,86 10,05,00 72,96,56 12,38,05 2,47,75,83 |
| (ii). 13 CURR FINAN 14 | This reserve can be utilized in accordance with to Other Comprehansive Income (OCI) represent be re-classified to profit or loss account in future PROVISIONS: Provision for Employees benefits ENT LIABILITIES ICIAL LIABILITIES TRADE PAYABLES Others OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES Security Deposits Payable to Debenture holders/Preference Sh Statutory Dues Other Payables | the provision of the sthe Fair Value Ches the Fair Value Ches years ares holders * entures/Preference formalities. | e Companies Act langes of Specifi | 21,54,000 21,54,000 21,54,000 8,37,864 8,37,864 10,05,000 72,91,939 6,75,716 2,55,55,209 3,45,27,864 but held in | 21,10,00 21,10,00 38,12,86 38,12,86 |
| (ii). 13 CURR FINAN 14 | This reserve can be utilized in accordance with to Other Comprehansive Income (OCI) represent be re-classified to profit or loss account in future PROVISIONS: Provision for Employees benefits ENT LIABILITIES ICIAL LIABILITIES TRADE PAYABLES Others OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES Security Deposits Payable to Debenture holders/Preference Shestatutory Dues Other Payables * These amounts have been claimed by Debenabeyance due to non-completion of legal Note:- Other Payables includes Employees | the provision of the sthe Fair Value Ches the Fair Value Ches years ares holders * entures/Preference formalities. | e Companies Act langes of Specifi | 21,54,000 21,54,000 21,54,000 8,37,864 8,37,864 10,05,000 72,91,939 6,75,716 2,55,55,209 3,45,27,864 but held in | 21,10,00 21,10,00 38,12,86 38,12,86 10,05,00 72,96,56 12,38,05 2,47,75,83 |
| (ii). 13 CURR FINAN 14 | This reserve can be utilized in accordance with to Other Comprehansive Income (OCI) represent be re-classified to profit or loss account in future PROVISIONS: Provision for Employees benefits ENT LIABILITIES ICIAL LIABILITIES TRADE PAYABLES Others OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES Security Deposits Payable to Debenture holders/Preference Shestatutory Dues Other Payables * These amounts have been claimed by Debeneberg abeyance due to non-completion of legal Note:- Other Payables includes Employees | the provision of the sthe Fair Value Ches the Fair Value Ches years ares holders * entures/Preference formalities. | e Companies Act langes of Specifi | 21,54,000 21,54,000 21,54,000 8,37,864 8,37,864 10,05,000 72,91,939 6,75,716 2,55,55,209 3,45,27,864 but held in | 21,10,00 21,10,00 38,12,86 38,12,86 10,05,00 72,96,56 12,38,05 2,47,75,83 |

Jaykay Enterprises Limited

NOTES to the Financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

| | PARTICULARS | Year ended 31st March 2021 | Year ended 31st March 2020 |
|--|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 17 | Revenue From Operations | | |
| Ι/ | Revenue From Operations Registrar & Transfer Agent Services | 30,80,000 | 30,80,000 |
| | Registral & Transier Agent Services | 30,80,000 | 30,80,00 |
| 18 | Other Income : | | |
| | Interest Income | 2,57,08,730 | 2,92,76,956 |
| | Dividend Income | 1,79,660 | 20,00,94 |
| | Other Non-Operating Income :- | | |
| | Rent Recived on Investment Property | 54,70,333 | 55,80,000 |
| | Rent Recived Others | 68,50,400 | 77,17,00 |
| | Profit On Sale Of Assets | 16 63 14 000 | 3,00 |
| | Profit On Sale Of Assets Miscellaneous Receipts | 16,63,14,990 | 60 00 72 |
| | Miscellatieous Receipts | 83,62,858 21,28,86,971 | 60,00,72 5,05,78,62 |
| | | | 3/03// 0/02 |
| L9 | EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSES | | |
| | Salaries And Wages | 1,44,55,521 | 1,94,55,42 |
| | Contribution To Provident And Other Funds | 19,11,728 | 32,58,68 |
| | Staff Welfare Expenses | 20,87,196 | 18,34,88 |
| | FINANCE COCTC | 1,84,54,445 | 2,45,48,99 |
| Reg 18 Other In Di Other Reg | FINANCE COSTS Interest | 22.227 | 0 |
| | interest | 23,237 23,237 | 9 |
| | | 23,237 | |
| | DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION EXPENSES | | |
| | Depreciation | 10,44,302 | 9,84,43 |
| | | 10,44,302 | 9,84,43 |
| 21 | OTHER EXPENSES | | |
| | Administrative Expense | 12 10 624 | 12 56 64 |
| | Insurance | 13,10,634 51,00,003 | 13,56,64 57,00,00 |
| | Rent Port Folio Management Charges | 1,64,645 | 1,16,26 |
| | Rates & Taxes | 5,69,673 | 5,32,21 |
| | Directors' Fee | 3,03,260 | 2,90,46 |
| | Auditors' Remuneration | 3,03,200 | 2,50,40 |
| | - Audit Fee | 70,800 | 70,80 |
| | - Other Services | 35,400 | 17,70 |
| | Telephone Expenses | 1,10,997 | 1,19,90 |
| | Advertisement Other than Sales Promotion | 14,46,384 | 7,44,79 |
| | Travelling Expenses | 3,39,626 | 5,02,03 |
| | Conveyance Expenses | 1,33,012 | 1,32,27 |
| | Transport Expenses | 5,32,127 | 7,31,58 |
| | Office Running/Upkeeping Expenses | 13,48,531 | 14,50,50 |
| | Electricity charges | 15,65,826 | 13,63,85 |
| | Establishment Expenses | 52,75,180 | 46,05,29 |
| | Security service charges | 7,94,823 | 11,45,21 |
| | Other professional charges Other professional charges (Foreign) | 51,95,070 2,02,689 | 15,77,71 |
| | Retainer Fee | 45,18,256 | 34,96,25 |
| | Legal expenses | 5,51,650 | 26,43,84 |
| | Interest Paid Others | 2,85,282 | 20,43,04 |
| | Internet & Email Expenses | 1,37,713 | 55,65 |
| | Processing Fee | 2,12,400 | , |
| | Repairs and Maintenance Expenses | 21,68,617 | 25,76,76 |
| | Printing & Stationery | 1,15,501 | 10,28,34 |
| | Annual Custody Fee | 3,47,413 | 3,46,85 |
| | Charges General | 1,08,716 | 4,08,83 |
| | Listing Fee | 3,54,000 | 3,54,00 |
| | Annual Maintenance Charges | 1,43,016 | 1,39,52 |
| | Miscelleneous expenses | 4,22,606 | 10,39,30 |
| | · · | | |

Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

- 22. (a). Deferred tax assets have not been recognised for the carry forward un-used tax losses as it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the un-used tax losses can be utilised.
 - (b). The Government of India on September 20, 2019, vide the Taxation Law (Amendment) Ordinance 2019, inserted a new section 115BAA in the Income Tax Act,1961, which provides domestic companies a non-reversible option to pay Corporate tax at reduced rate effective, April 1 2019, subject to certain conditions. The company has decided to opt new tax rate under Sec.155BAA of Income Tax Act,1961.
 - (c). Income Tax recognised in Other Comprehensive Income

| | | 31st March, 20 | 21 | 319 | st March, 202 | 20 |
|---|--------------|--------------------------|--------------|---------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| Particulars | Before Tax | Tax expnse/ (benefit) | Net of Tax | Before Tax | Tax expnse/ (benefit) | Net of Tax |
| Net gain/(losses) on fair value of equity instruments | 10,01,14,318 | - | 10,01,14,318 | (7,28,44,352) | - | (7,28,44,352) |

23. Earning per Share (EPS):

| canning per share (Er 5) . | 2020-21 (Amoun | 2019-20 t/₹) |
|---|--------------------|------------------------|
| a. Net Profit(+)/Loss(-) available for Equity Share holders | 26,26,95,455 | (7,71,77,894) |
| b. Basic earning per Equity Shares of ₹ 1/- each i. Number of Equity Shares (Denomiator used for calculation E.P.S. based on weighted average) | 37867738 | 37134752 |
| ii. Before and after Ordinery items | 6.94 | (2.08) |
| c. Diluted earings per Equity Share of ₹ 1/- each i. Number of Equity Shares (Denomiator used for calculation E.P.S. based on weighted average) | 4,68,86,738 | 37134752 |
| ii. Before and after Ordinery items | 5.60 | (2.08) |

24. Segment Reporting

The Company has income from other sources only. Hence, no segment wise information is being furnished.

25. Related Parties Disclosures:

List of related parties with whom transactions have taken place during the year :

- A. Associate Company:
 - i. J. K. Cotton Ltd.
 - ii. Nebula3D Services Pvt. Limited
- B. Key Management Personnel:

1. Shri Ashok Gupta Managing Director 2. Shri C.P.Agarwal (Ceased w.e.f. 10-11-2020) Chief Finance Officer 3. Shri Prabhat Kumar Mishra CFO & Company Secretary

- C. Entities over Promoters/Directors have significant influence
 - (Ceased to be related party w.e.f. 01-10-2020) i. J.K.Cement Ltd. ii. AAR EMM Holdings Pvt. Limited (Ceased to be related party w.e.f.22-12-2020)
- D. Directors :-
 - Smt. Vidhi Nidhipati Singhania
 Smt. Renu Nanda (Ceased w.e.f.22-12-2020)

 - 3. Dr. Krishna Behari Agarwal
 - 4. Shri Ravindra Kumar Tandon
 - 5. Shri Anil Kumar Dalmia
 - 6. Shri Kedar Nath Mehrotra

Details of Transactions are as follows;

1. Remunaration

Key management personnel:

| 1. Shri Ashok Gupta | | 4 | 27 77 442 |
|---|-------------------|---|-----------|
| 1. Silli Asilok Gupta | | < | 27,77,443 |
| 2. Shri C.P.Agarwal | (Upto 10-11-2020) | ₹ | 14.51.885 |
| | (| - | ,, |
| Shri Prabhat Kumar Mishra | | ₹ | 23.94.696 |

2. Associate Company:

i. Nebula3D Services Pvt. Limited:

a. <u>Finance</u>:

| Un Secured L | oan :- |
|--------------|--------|
|--------------|--------|

| Balance at the beginning of the year | ₹ | - | | |
|---|---|-----------|---|-----------|
| Add : Loan given during the year | ₹ | 62,50,000 | | |
| Total | ₹ | 62,50,000 | | |
| Less : Repayment during the year | ₹ | - | | |
| Balance at the end of the year | ₹ | 62,50,000 | ₹ | 62,50,000 |
| b. Interest recovered on Un Secured Loan | | | ₹ | 3,44,096 |
| c. Rent, Expenses recovered and Services rendered | | | ₹ | 5,900 |

ii. J.K.Cotton Limited

1,78,000 Rent, Expenses recovered and Services rendered

| 3. Promoters/Relatives | ₹ | | |
|--|---|-----------|--|
| Rent, Interest and other expenses paid | ₹ | 3,00,000 | |
| 4. a. Rent, Expenses recovered and Services rendered | | | |
| i. J.K.Cement Ltd. (Upto 30-09-2020) | ₹ | 76,44,307 | |
| ii. J.K.Traders Ltd. | ₹ | 5,900 | |
| iii. Yadu International Ltd. (Upto 30-09-2020) | ₹ | 5,900 | |
| iv. AAR EMM Holding Pvt. Limited (upto 31-12-2020) | ₹ | 18,49,650 | |
| b. Expenses paid Services rendered | | | |
| i. J.K.Consultancy & Sevices Pvt.Ltd. | ₹ | 2,03,364 | |
| 5. Citties For soid to Dissertance | - | 2.02.260 | |
| 5. Sitting Fee paid to Directors | ₹ | 3,03,260 | |

26. a. Balances in suppliers and Deposit accounts taken as per books are subject to confirmation/reconciliation and consequential adjustments.

b. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AS AT AS AT 31-03-2021 31-03-2020

(Amount/ ₹)

In respect of claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts.

Indeterminate

- 27. The Financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 29th June, 2021.
- 28. Previous year's figures have been restated/recasted/regrouped wherever necessary to conform to the classification of the year.
- 29. The Company, through Preferential allotment, has allotted 6370000 equity shares of face value of ₹ 1/- each fully paid up and 9019000 fully convertible Warrants of Face Value ₹ 1/- fully paid up at an issue price of ₹ 10/- each per share and Warrant for an aggregate amount of ₹ 15,38,90,000/- on Preferential basis to the persons belonging to Promotor group determined in accordance with the provision of SEBI (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements,2018 as amended).
- 30. The business of the Associate M/s.Nebula3D Services Private Limited has impacted badly due to pandemic disease(Covid-19 first & second wave). However, there is no impact on going concern of the company as the company expects good market in future. Therefore, the management is of the view, there is no need to impair futher in the value of Investment in the Associate.

31. EMPLOYEES BENEFITS:

The Company Contributes to the following post-employment defined benefit plan in India.

Disclosure in terms of Ind AS-19 are as under:-

i). Defined Contribution Plans :

The Company makes Contribution towards Provident Fund and Superannuation Fund to a defined contribution retirement benefit plan for qualifying employees. Under the plan, the Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll cost to the retirement benefit plan to the fund benefits. The defined contribution plan recognised as expenses are as under:

| | | ₹/lacs |
|--|---------|---------|
| | 2020-21 | 2019-20 |
| Employer's contribution to Provident Fund | 8.49 | 13.36 |
| Employer's contribution to Pension Fund | 1.55 | 3.04 |
| Employer's contribution to Superannuation Fund | 6.10 | 7.89 |

ii). Defined benefit plan

The Employees Gratuity Fund Scheme managed by a Trust is a defined benefit Plan.

The present value of obligation is determined based on actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method.

The obligation for leave encashment is recognised in the same manner as gratuity.

| The obligation for leave encashment is recognised in the same manner as | s gratuity. Grat i | uity | Leave end | ashment |
|--|------------------------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|
| | Fund | ded | unfur | |
| | 2020-2021 | 2019-2020 | 2020-2021 | 2019-2020 |
| | ₹/lacs | ₹/lacs | ₹/lacs | ₹/lacs |
| A. Profit & Loss (P & L) | | | | |
| 1. Current Service Cost | 3.62 | 4.44 | - | - |
| 2. Past Service Cost - Plan amendments | - | - | - | - |
| 3. Curtailment cost/(credit) | - | - | - | - |
| 4. Settlement cost / (credit) | - | - | - | - |
| 5. Service Cost | 3.62 | 4.44 | - | - |
| 6. Net interest on net defined benefit liabilities / (assets) | 0.10 | 0.19 | 2.03 | 2.70 |
| 7. Immediate recognition of (gain)/losses - other long term employee | - | - | (0.89) | 1.34 |
| 8. Cost recognised in P & L | 3.72 | 4.63 | 1.14 | 4.04 |
| B. Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) | | | | |
| 1. Actuarial (gain)/loss due to DBO experience | (5.68) | (4.93) | (1.64) | (0.30) |
| 2. Actuarial (gain)/loss due to DBO assumption changes | 1.98 | 5.09 | 0.75 | 1.64 |
| 3. Actuarial (gain)/loss arising during period | (3.70) | 0.16 | (0.89) | 1.34 |
| 4. Return on plan assets (greater)/less than discount rate | (5.42) | (1.04) | - | - |
| 5. Actuarial (gain)/losses recognised in OCI | (9.12) | (0.88) | - | - |
| 6. Adjustment for limit on net assets | - | - | = | - |
| C. Define Benefit Cost | | | | |
| 1. Service Cost | 3.62 | 4.44 | - | - |
| 2. Net interest on net defined benefit liabilities / (assets) | 0.10 | 0.19 | 2.03 | 2.70 |
| 3. Actuarial (gain)/losses recognised in OCI | (9.12) | (0.88) | - | - |
| Immediate recognition of (gain)/losses - other long term employee benefit plan | - | - | (0.89) | 1.34 |
| 5. Defined Benefit Cost | (5.40) | 3.75 | 1.14 | 4.04 |
| A. Development of Net Balance Sheet Position | | | | |
| 1. Defined benefit obligation (DBO) | (159.44) | (209.93) | (33.38) | (42.86) |
| 2. Fair value of plan assets (FVA) | 164.84 | 206.18 | = | = |
| 3. Funded status [surplus/(deficit)] | 5.40 | (3.75) | (33.38) | (42.86) |
| 4. Effect of Assets celling | - | - | - | - |
| 5. Net defined benefit asset/(liablity) | 5.40 | (3.75) | (33.38) | (42.86) |
| B. Reconciliation of Net Balance Sheet Position | | | | |
| 1. Net defined benefit asset/(liability) at end of prior period | (3.75) | (5.74) | (42.86) | (41.78) |
| 2. Service Cost | (3.62) | (4.44) | = | = |
| 3. Net interest on net defined benefit liabilities / (assets) | (0.10) | (0.19) | (2.03) | (2.70) |
| 4. Amount recognised in OCI | 9.12 | 0.88 | 0.89 | (1.34) |
| 5. Employer contribution | 3.75 | 5.74 | = | - |
| 6. Benefit paid directly by the Company | - | - | 10.62 | 2.96 |
| 7. Acquisitions credit/(cost) | - | - | - | - |
| 8. Divestitures | = | - | - | - |
| 9. Cost of termination benefit | - | - | - | - |
| 10. Net defined benefit asset/(liability) at end of current period | 5.40 | (3.75) | (33.38) | (42.86) |

| Α. (| Change in Defined Benefit Obligation (DBO) | | | | |
|------|---|--|--|--|--|
| 1. | DBO at end of prior period | 209.93 | 216.21 | 42.86 | 41.78 |
| 2. | Current service cost | 3.62 | 4.44 | - | - |
| 3. | Interest cost on the DBO | 9.71 | 13.66 | 2.03 | 2.70 |
| 4. | Curtailment (credit)/cost | - | - | - | - |
| 5. | Settlement (credit)/cost | - | - | - | - |
| 6. | Past service cost - plan amendments | - | - | - | - |
| 7. | Acquisitions(credit)/cost | - | - | - | - |
| 8. | Actuarial (gain)/loss - experience | (5.68) | (4.93) | (1.64) | (0.30) |
| 9. | Actuarial (gain)/loss - demographic assumptions | - | - | - | - |
| 10. | Actuarial (gain)/loss - financial assumptions | 1.98 | 5.09 | 0.75 | 1.64 |
| 11. | Benefit paid directly by the Company | - | - | (10.62) | (2.96) |
| 12. | Benefit paid from plan assets | (60.12) | (24.54) | - | - |
| 13. | DBO at end of current period | 159.44 | 209.93 | 33.38 | 42.86 |
| В. 0 | Change in Fair Value of Assets | | | | |
| 1. | Fair Value of assets at end of prior period | 206.18 | 210.47 | - | - |
| 2. | Acquisition adjustment | - | - | - | - |
| 3. | Interest Income on plan assets | 9.61 | 13.47 | - | - |
| 4. | Employer Contributions | 3.75 | 5.74 | - | - |
| 5. | Return on plan assets greater/(lesser) than discount rate | 5.42 | 1.04 | - | - |
| 6. | Benefit paid | (60.12) | (24.54) | - | - |
| 7. | Fair Value of assets at end of current period | 164.84 | 206.18 | - | - |
| Act | uarial Assumptions: | | | | |
| 1. | Discount Rate | 4.90% | 5.40% | 4.90% | 5.40% |
| 2. | Mortality Rate | Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08) Ult | Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08) Ult | Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08) Ult | Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08) Ult |
| 3. | Withdrawal Rate | 1.00% | 1.00% | 1.00% | 1.00% |
| 4. | Salary Esclation Rate | 10.00% | 10.00% | 10.00% | 10.00% |
| 5. | Maximum limit | 2000000/- | 2000000/- | - | - |

Company information and significant accounting policies

Reporting Entity

JAYKAY ENTERPRISES LIMITED (The "Company") is a company domiciled in India and limited by shares (CIN L99999UP1961PLC001187). The shares of the company are publicly traded on BSE Limited. The address of the company's registered office is Kamla Tower, Kanpur-208001. The company is primarily involved in registrar and transfer agent services.

32.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

For all periods up to and including the year ended 31stMarch 2017, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with Accounting Standards (AS) notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and in accordance with companies (Accounting Standards), Rules 2006 (erstwhile - Indian GAAP). These financial statements for the year ended 31stMarch 2018 are the first financial statements of the Company prepared in accordance with Ind AS.

32.2 Current and non-current Classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the Balance Sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when:

- a) it expects to realise the asset, or intends to sell or consume it, in its normal operating cycle;
- b) it holds the asset primarily for the purpose of trading;
- c) it expects to realise the asset within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- d) the asset is cash or a cash equivalent (as defined in Ind AS 7) unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.

An entity shall classify a liability as current when:

- (a) it expects to settle the liability in its normal operating cycle;
- (b) it holds the liability primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (c) the liability is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- (d) it does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

32.3 Revenue recognition

32.3.1 Rendering of Services

Revenue from rendering of services is recognised when the performance of agreed contractual task has been completed.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes, levies or duties collected on behalf of the government/ other statutory bodies.

32.3.2 Interest

Interest income is recognised using the Effective Interest Method.

32.3.3 Dividend

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the rights to receive payment is established.

32.4 Other Claims

Other claims (including interest on delayed realization from customers) are accounted for, when there is certainty of realisation.

32.5 Leases

A **finance lease** is a lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset. Title may or may not eventually be transferred.

An **operating lease** is a lease other than a finance lease.

32.5.1 Company as a lessor

Operating leases Lease income from operating leases (excluding amounts for services such as insurance and maintenance) is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term, unless either:

- (a) another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which use benefit derived from the leased asset is diminished, even if the payments to the lessors are not on that basis; or
- (b) the payments to the lessor are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases. If payments to the lessor vary according to factors other than inflation, then this condition is not met.

Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense over the lease term on the same basis as lease income.

Finance leases Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recorded as receivables at the Company's net investment in the leases. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment outstanding in respect of the lease.

32.6 Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

Land is carried at historical cost. Historical cost includes expenditure which are directly attributable to the acquisition of the land like, rehabilitation expenses, resettlement cost etc.

After recognition, an item of all other Property, plant and equipment are carried at its cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses under Cost Model. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises:

- (a) its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates.
- (b) any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.
- (c) the initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located, the obligation for which an entity incurs either when the item

is acquired or as a consequence of having used the item during a particular period for purposes other than to produce inventories during that period.

Each part of an item of property, plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item depreciated separately. However, significant part(s) of an item of PPE having same useful life and depreciation method are grouped together in determining the depreciation charge.

Costs of the day to-day servicing described as for the 'repairs and maintenance' are recognised in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which the same are incurred.

Subsequent Measurement

Subsequent cost of replacing parts of an item of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the carrying amount of the item, if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company; and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of those parts that are replaced is derecognised in accordance with the de recognition policy mentioned below.

When major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the item of property, plant and equipment as a replacement if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company; and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Any remaining carrying amount of the cost of the previous inspection (as distinct from physical parts) is derecognised.

An item of Property, plant or equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from the continued use of assets. Any gain or loss arising on such de recognition of an item of property plant and equipment is recognised in profit and Loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment, except freehold land, is provided on straight line method based on useful life specified in schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The residual value of Property, plant and equipment is considered as 5% of the original cost of the asset.

Depreciation on the assets added / disposed of during the year is provided on pro-rata basis with reference to the month of addition / disposal.

Capital Expenses incurred by the company on construction/development of certain assets which are essential for production, supply of goods or for the access to any existing Assets of the company are recognised as Enabling Assets under Property, Plant and Equipment.

Impairment of Assets

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortized cost and FVOCI debt instruments. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

With regard to trade receivable, the Company applies the simplified approach as permitted by Ind AS 109, Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognized from the initial recognition of the trade receivables.

The Company assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

32.7 Transition to Ind AS

The company elected to continue with the carrying value as per cost model (for all of its property, plant and equipment as recognised in the financial statements as at the date of transition to Ind AS (01-04-2017), measured as per the previous GAAP.

32.8 Investment Property

Property (land or a buildingor part of a buildingor both) held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both, rather than for, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes; or sale in the ordinary course of businesses are classified as investment property.

Investment property is measured initially at its cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs.

Investment properties are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives.

32.9 Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

32.9.1 Financial assets

32.9.1 Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, plus transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

32.9.2 Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- Debt instruments at amortised cost
- Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)
- Debt instruments, derivatives and equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
- Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

32.9.2.1 Equity investments in associates

In accordance of Ind AS 101 (First time adoption of Ind AS), the carrying amount of these investments as per previous GAAP as on the date of transition is considered to be the deemed cost. Subsequently Investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are measured at cost.

32.9.2.2 Other Equity Investment

All other equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income.

For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value. The Company makes such election on an instrument by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. There is no

recycling of the amounts from OCI to P&L, even on sale of investment. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the P&L.

32.9.2.3 Derecognition of Financial Assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's consolidated balance sheet) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

32.9.2.4 Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost and FVOCI debt instruments. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

With regard to trade receivable, the Company applies the simplified approach as permitted by Ind AS 109, Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from the initial recognition of the trade receivables.

The Company assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

32.9.3 Financial liabilities

32.9.3.1 Initial recognition and measurement

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

32.9.3.2 Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

32.9.3.3 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in OCI. These gains/ loss are not subsequently transferred to P&L. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. The Company has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit and loss.

32.9.4 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

32.10 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs are expensed as incurred except where they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets i.e. the assets that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for intended use, in which case they are capitalised as part of the cost of those asset up to the date when the qualifying asset is ready for its intended use.

32.11 Taxation

Tax expenses for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in the comprehensive income or in equity. In which case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.

Current Tax: Current Tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates and laws that are enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred Tax: Deferred Tax recognised on temporary difference between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates(and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The carrying amount of Deferred tax liabilities and assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

32.12 Employee Benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

(ii) Defined contribution plans

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed as the related service is provided. The company has following defined contribution plans:

- a) Provident fund
- b) Superannuation scheme

(iii) Defined benefit plans

The company net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets.

The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the company, the recognised asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements.

Re measurement of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognised immediately in Other Comprehensive Income. Net interest expense (income) on the net defined liability (assets) is computed by applying the discount rate, used to measure the net defined liability (asset), to the net defined liability (asset) at the start of the financial year after taking into account any changes as a result of contribution and benefit payments during the year. Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognised in profit or loss.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognised immediately in profit or loss. The company recognises gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

The company has following defined benefit plans:

a) Gratuity

The company provides for its gratuity liability based on actuarial valuation of the gratuity liability as at the Balance Sheet date, based on Projected Unit Credit Method, carried out by an independent actuary and contributes to the gratuity fund. The contributions made are recognized as plan assets. The defined benefit obligation as reduced by fair value of plan assets is recognized in the Balance Sheet. Re-measurements are recognized in the Other Comprehensive Income, net of tax in the year in which they arise.

b) Leave Encashment

The Company provides for its Leave Encashment liability based on Actuarial Valuation of leave encashment liability as at the Balance Sheet date based on Projected Unit Credit Method, carried out by an Independent Actuary.

32.13 Foreign Currency Transactions

The company's reported currency and the functional currency for majority of its operations is in Indian Rupees (INR) being the principal currency of the economic environment in which it operates.

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted into the reported currency of the company using the exchange rate prevailing at the transaction date. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies outstanding at the end of the reporting period are translated at the exchange rates prevailing as at the end of reporting period. Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary assets and liabilities or on translating monetary assets and liabilities at rates different from those at which they were translated on initial recognition during the period or in previous financial statements are recognised in statement of profit and loss in the period in which they arise.

Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currency are valued at the exchange rates prevailing at the transaction date .

32.14 Inventories

- i) Inventories are valued " at cost or net realizable value, whichever is lower ".Cost comprises all cost of purchase, cost of conversion and ther costs incurred in bringing in inventories to their present location and condition.
- ii) Cost formula used are "Firs in First out" or "Average Cost" as applicable.

32.14.1 Cash and cash equivalent

Cash and Cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at bank and on hand and short term deposits with and original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

32.15 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities & Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognized when the company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

All provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future uncertain events not wholly within the control of the company, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

Contingent Assets are not recognised in the financial statements. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is not a contingent asset and its recognition is appropriate.

32.16 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are computed by dividing the net profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per shares is computed by dividing the profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per shares and also the weighted average number of

equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

32.17 Judgements, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgements and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the amount of revenue and expenses during the reported period. Application of accounting policies involving complex and subjective judgements and the use of assumptions in these financial statements have been disclosed. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimate are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

32.17.1 Judgements

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

32.17.1.1 Formulation of Accounting Policies

Accounting policies are formulated in a manner that result in financial statements containing relevant and reliable informationabout the transactions, other events and conditions to which they apply. Those policies need not be applied when the effect of applying them is immaterial.

In the absence of an Ind AS that specifically applies to a transaction, other event or condition, management has used its judgement in developing and applying an accounting policy that results in information that is:

- (a) relevant to the economic decision-making needs of users and
- (b) reliable in that financial statements:
 - represent faithfully the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the entity;
 - (ii) reflect the economic substance of transactions, other events and conditions, and not merely the legal form;
 - (iii) are neutral, i.e. free from bias;
 - (iv) are prudent; and
 - (v) are complete in all material respects on a consistent basis.

In making the judgement management refers to, and considers the applicability of, the following sources in descending order:

- (a) the requirements in Ind ASs dealing with similar and related issues; and
- (b) the definitions, recognition criteria and measurement concepts for assets, liabilities, income and expenses in the Framework.

In making the judgement, management considers the most recent pronouncements of International Accounting Standards Board and in absence thereof those of the other standard-setting bodies that use a similar conceptual framework to develop accounting standards, other accounting literature and accepted industry practices, to the extent that these do not conflict with the sources in above paragraph.

32.17.1.2 Materiality

Ind AS applies to items which are material. Management uses judgment in deciding whether individual items or groups of item are material in the financial statements. Materiality is judged by reference to the size and nature of the item. The deciding factor is whether omission or misstatement could individually or collectively influence the economic decisions that users

make on the basis of the financial statements. Management also uses judgement of materiality for determining the compliance requirement of the Ind AS. In particular circumstances either the nature or the amount of an item or aggregate of items could be the determining factor. Further an entity may also be required to present separately immaterial items when required by law.

32.17.1.3 Operating lease

Company has entered into lease agreements. The Company has determined, based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, such as the lease term not constituting a major part of the economic life of the commercial property and the fair value of the asset, that it retains all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of these properties and accounts for the contracts as operating leases.

32.17.2 Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they

32.17.2.1 Impairment of non-financial assets

There is an indication of impairment if, the carrying value of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Company considers individual PPE as separate cash generating units for the purpose of test of impairment. The value in use calculation is based on a DCF model. The cash flows are derived from the budget for the next five years and do not include restructuring activities that the Company is not yet committed to or significant future investments that will enhance the asset's performance of the CGU being tested. The recoverable amount is sensitive to the discount rate used for the DCF model as well as the expected future cash-inflows and the growth rate used for extrapolation purposes.

32.17.2.2 Taxes

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

32.17.2.3 Defined benefit plans

The cost of the defined benefit gratuity plan and other post-employment medical benefits and the present value of the gratuity obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates.

Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date. The parameter most subject to change is the discount rate. In determining the appropriate discount rate for plans operated in India, the management considers the interest rates of government bonds in currencies consistent with the currencies of the post-employment benefit obligation.

32.17.2.4 Fair value measurement of financial instruments

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the DCF model. The inputs to these models are taken from

observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

32.18 Abbreviation used:

| a. | CGU | Cash generating unit |
|----|--------|---|
| b. | DCF | Discounted Cash Flow |
| C. | FVTOCI | Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income |
| d. | FVTPL | Fair value through Profit & Loss |
| e. | GAAP | Generally accepted accounting principal |
| f. | Ind AS | Indian Accounting Standards |
| g. | OCI | Other Comprehensive Income |
| h. | P&L | Profit and Loss |
| i. | PPE | Property, Plant and Equipment |
| j. | SPPI | Solely Payment of Principal and Interest |

Form AOC-2

[Pursuant to clause(h) of sub-section (3) of Section 134 of the Company Act, 2013 and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 as on March, 31, 2019]

This Form pertains to the disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the Company with related parties referred to in Sub-Section (1) of of Section 188 of the Company Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transctions under third proviso thereto.

Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis.

There were no contracts or arrangements or transactions entered into during the year ended March,31,2021, which were not at arm's length basis.

Details of material contracts or arrangements or transctions not at arm's length basis.

The Following material contract(s) or arrangement(s) or transaction(s) were entered into during the year ended March,31,2021.

| Name of Related Party | Nature of Relationship | Duration of Contract | Salient Terms* | Amount (₹) |
|-----------------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|---------------|
| AAR EMM Holding Pvt.Ltd. | Smt.Vidhi Nidhipati Singhania is a Common Director | 36 Months, subject to renewal | Ground Floor of J.K.Appartments admeasuring 1922 Sq.Ft. leased at monthly rent. (upto 31-12-2020) | 18,49,650 |

^{*} Approval was granted by the shareholders of the Company in Annual General Meeting held on 26-07-2017 for the related party transaction as mentioned above.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Jaykay Enterprises Ltd.

(Prabhat Kumar Mishra) C.F.O.& Secretary M.No.A29900 (Ashok Gupta) Managing Director DIN-00135288 Director

Date: 29th June, 2021 Place: KANPUR

Form AOC-I

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Cpmpanies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries/associate companies/joint ventures

PART "A" : Subsidiaries - NOT APPLICABLE

(Information in respect of each subsidiary to be presented with amount in $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$)

- 1. Sl.No.
- 2. Name of the subsidiary
- 3. Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period.
- 4. Reporting currency and exchange rate as on the date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries.
- 5. Share Capital
- 6. Reserve & Surplus
 7. Total Assets
- 8. Total Liabilities
- 9. Investments
- 10. Turnover
- 11. Profit before Taxation
- 12. Provision for Taxation
- 13. Profit after taxation
- 14. Proposed Dividend
- 15. % of Shareholding

Note: The following information shall be furnished at the end of the statement

- 1. Names of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations.
- 2. Names of the subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year.

PART "B" : Associates and Joint Ventures

Statement pursuant to Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures.

| Name of Associates Company | J. K. COTTON LIMITED | NEBULA3D SERVICES PVT. LIMITED | |
|---|---|--|--|
| 1. Latest Audit Balance Sheet Date | 31st MARCH, 2021 | 31st MARCH, 2021 | |
| 2. a. Shares of Associate Company held by the Company on the year ended | | | |
| - No. of Equity Shares | 9510360 | 545957 | |
| - Amount of Investment in Associates Company | 9,45,13,240.00 | 3,38,95,174.00 | |
| - Extent of Holding % | 40.34% | 27.65% | |
| b. Preference Share - Non Convertible | | | |
| - No. of Prerence Shares | - | 3000000 | |
| - Amount of Investment in Associates Company | - | 3,00,00,000.00 | |
| 3. Description of how there is significant influence | Holding of more than 20 % of total Share Capital | Holding of more than 20 % of total Share Capital | |
| 4. Reason why the Associate Company is not Consolidated | Not Applicable | Not Applicable | |
| 5. Networth attributable to Shareholding as per latest Balance Sheet | 25,42,62,087.00 | 3,609.00 | |
| 6. Profit/(Loss) for the year | | | |
| i. Considered in Consolidation | 10,14,82,268.00 | (38,00,111.00) | |
| ii. Not Considered in Consolidation | - | - | |

Notes: The following information shall be furnished at the end of the statement:

1. Names of Associates Company and Joint Ventures which are yet to commence operations.

2. Names of the Associates Company and Joint Ventures which have been liquidated or sold during the year.

: This Form is to be certified in the same manner in which the Balance Sheet is to be certified

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Jaykay Enterprises Ltd.

> C.F.O. & Secretary M.No.A29900

(Ashok Gupta) Managing Director Director DIN-00135288 (PRABHAT KUMAR MISHRA)

Not Applicable

Date: 29th June, 2021 Place : Kanpur

JAYKAY ENTERPRISES LTD. KAMLA TOWER, KANPUR

NON CURRENT INVESTMENTS

| Face Value | 31st March, 20 | 021 | 31st March, 2 |)20 |
|---------------------|--|---|---|--|
| ₹/GBP(£) | No.of Shares | Fair Value ₹ | No.of Shares | Fair Value ₹ |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 10/- | 21571 Equity | 29632083 | 21571 Equity | 25895986 |
| 5/- | 407000 Equity | 176027500 | 407000 Equity | 79649900 |
| 10/- | 1 Equity | 14 | 1 Equity | 11 |
| 10/- | 3 Ordy. | 1740 | 3 Ordy. | 1122 |
| 2/- | 337 Equity | - | 337 Equity | - |
| 1/- | 100 Ordy. | 662 | 100 Ordy. | 662 |
| 10/- | 125 Equity | 531 | 125 Equity | 531 |
| 10/- | 10 Ordy. | 400 | 10 Ordy. | 400 |
| 10/- | 198 Equity | 213 | 198 Equity | 213 |
| 10/- | 338 Equity | - | 338 Equity | - |
| 10/- | 525 Equity | 22575 | 525 Equity | 22575 |
| ΓED | | 205685718 | | 105571400 |
| | | | | |
| 10/- | 9510360 Equity | 1 | 9510360 Equity | 1 |
| 10/- | 545957 Equity | 5344672 | 545957 Equity | 5344672 |
| 10/- | 1050 Equity | 30000 | 1050 Equity | 30000 |
| 10/- | 3000 Ordy. | 15000 | 3000 Ordy. | 15000 |
| 10/- | 639 Equity | 175000 | 639 Equity | 175000 |
| 50/- | 20 Ordy. | 1000 | 20 Ordy. | 1000 |
| 10/- | 2532 Equity | - | 2532 Equity | - |
| 10/- | 1 Equity | - | 1 Equity | - |
| 1 £ | 144 Ordy.Stock | 723 | 144 Ordy.Stock | 723 |
| 1 £ | 9 Shares | 908 | 9 Shares | 908 |
| 3-1/9 Pence | 771 Ordy.Sh. | 476 | 771 Ordy.Sh. | 476 |
| 28-101/108 Pence | 295 Ordy.Sh. | - | 295 Ordy.Sh. | - |
| 10 Pence | 120 Ordy. | 220 | 120 Ordy. | 220 |
| TED | | 5568000 | | 5568000 |
| | | | | |
| 10/- | 3000000 Pref.Share | 30000000 | 3000000 Pref.Share | 30000000 |
| | 10/- 5/- 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/- 10/- 10 | ₹ /GBP(£) No.of Shares 10/- 21571 Equity 5/- 407000 Equity 10/- 1 Equity 10/- 3 Ordy. 2/- 337 Equity 10/- 125 Equity 10/- 198 Equity 10/- 198 Equity 10/- 338 Equity 10/- 525 Equity TED TED 10/- 9510360 Equity 10/- 545957 Equity 10/- 1050 Equity 10/- 639 Equity 10/- 639 Equity 10/- 2532 Equity 10/- 1 Equity 1 £ 144 Ordy.Stock 1 £ 9 Shares 3-1/9 Pence 771 Ordy.Sh. 28-101/108 Pence 295 Ordy.Sh. 10 Pence 120 Ordy. | ₹ /GBP(£) No.of Shares Fair Value ₹ 10/- 21571 Equity 29632083 5/- 407000 Equity 176027500 10/- 1 Equity 14 10/- 3 Ordy. 1740 2/- 337 Equity - 1/- 100 Ordy. 662 10/- 125 Equity 531 10/- 198 Equity 213 10/- 198 Equity - 10/- 338 Equity - 10/- 525 Equity 22575 TED 205685718 10/- 9510360 Equity 1 10/- 545957 Equity 5344672 10/- 1050 Equity 3000 10/- 639 Equity 175000 50/- 20 Ordy. 1000 10/- 2532 Equity - 10/- 1 Equity - 10/- 2532 Equity - 10/- 1 Equity - 1 £ 9 Shares </td <td> Tol- 21571 Equity 29632083 21571 Equity 5/- 407000 Equity 176027500 407000 Equity 10/- 1 Equity 14 1 Equity 14 1 Equity 16/- 30 Grdy. 1740 337 Equity 176027500 10/- 125 Equity 176027500 10/- 125 Equity 176027500 10/- 125 Equity 17/- 100 Ordy. 10/- 10/- 10 Ordy. 10/- 10/- 198 Equity 213 198 Equity 10/- 338 Equity - 338 Equity 10/- 338 Equity 22575 525 Equity 10/- 525 Equity 22575 525 Equity 10/- 10/- 1050 Equity 5344672 545957 Equity 10/- 3000 Ordy. 15000 3000 Ordy. 10/- 639 Equity 175000 639 Equity 10/- 2532 Equity 175000 639 Equity 10/- 2532 Equity 175000 20 Ordy. 16/- 16/- 12532 Equity 1 Equity</td> | Tol- 21571 Equity 29632083 21571 Equity 5/- 407000 Equity 176027500 407000 Equity 10/- 1 Equity 14 1 Equity 14 1 Equity 16/- 30 Grdy. 1740 337 Equity 176027500 10/- 125 Equity 176027500 10/- 125 Equity 176027500 10/- 125 Equity 17/- 100 Ordy. 10/- 10/- 10 Ordy. 10/- 10/- 198 Equity 213 198 Equity 10/- 338 Equity - 338 Equity 10/- 338 Equity 22575 525 Equity 10/- 525 Equity 22575 525 Equity 10/- 10/- 1050 Equity 5344672 545957 Equity 10/- 3000 Ordy. 15000 3000 Ordy. 10/- 639 Equity 175000 639 Equity 10/- 2532 Equity 175000 639 Equity 10/- 2532 Equity 175000 20 Ordy. 16/- 16/- 12532 Equity 1 Equity |

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF JAYKAY ENTERPRISES LIMITED Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of JAYKAY ENTERPRISES LIMITED (hereinafter referred to as the "Company") and its associates, which comprise the consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021, and the consolidated statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flows Statement for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of their consolidated state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, of consolidated Profit, consolidated changes in equity and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the *Code of Ethics issued by ICAI*, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to the following matters reported by the auditors of associate – Nebula 3D Services Private Limited in their auditors report on the financial statements:

Going Concern

We draw attention to note no. 24(E) of the financial statements which indicates that the company has substantial accumulated losses carried forward from the previous year and has incurred significant cash losses during the current year and previous financial years resulting in substantial erosion of net worth as at 31st March, 2021. However, the financial statements of the company have been prepared on a going concern basis based on the financial support confirmed by the shareholders and other reasons stated in the said note.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of above matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements for the year ended March 31 2021. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key Audit Matters to be communicated in our reports.

| SI | Reporting | How was the Key Audit Matter addressed in |
|-----|---|---|
| no. | | the audit |
| 1 | Assessment of Deferred Tax Assets not recognized by | Principal Audit Procedure Performed |
| | the holding company on carry forward of losses Rs. | |
| | 1812.30 lacs (Refer note 22(a) to the consolidated | i. We have tested the period over which the |
| | financial statements) | deferred tax assets on unabsorbed losses |
| | The recognition and measurement of deferred tax items | would be recovered against future taxable |
| | require determination of difference between the recognition | income. |
| | and the measurement of assets, liabilities, income and | ii. We have tested the management under lying |
| | expenses in accordance with the Income Tax Act and other | assumption and judgement in estimating the |
| | applicable tax laws including application of ICDS and financial | future taxable income. |
| | reporting in accordance with Ind AS .Assessment of deferred | |
| | tax assets is done by the management at the close of each | |
| | financial year taking into account forecast of future taxable | |
| | results. Considering the probability of future taxable income, | |
| | the company had not recognised Deferred tax Assets (DTA) of | |
| | Rs. 471.20 lacs on carry forward loss of Rs. 1812.30 lacs. We | |
| | have considered the assessment of deferred tax liabilities and | |
| | assets as a Key Audit Matter due to the importance of | |
| | management estimation and judgement and a materiality of the | |
| | amount. | |

Our opinion is not modified in respect of above matter.

Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexure to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other Information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our in audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements in term of the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flows of the Company including its Associates in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. The respective Board of Directors of the Company and of its associates are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial

controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the Company and of its associates are responsible for assessing the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the Company and of its associates are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Company and of its associates.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and
 appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is
 higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
 misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Company and its associates to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company and its associates to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company and its associates to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the one associate included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditor, such other auditor remain responsible for the direction, supervisions and performance of the audits carried out by him .We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matters

We did not audit the financial statements of one associate whose share of Loss of Rs.38 lakhs is included in the consolidated financial results for the year ended 31st March 2021. The financial statement of the associate has been audited by other auditor whose report has been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements in so far as it relates to the amount and disclosure included in respect of the associate, and our report in terms of sub-sections (3) and (11) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid associate, is based solely on the report of the other auditor.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the report of the other auditor.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, that:

- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors.
- (c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

(d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section

133 of the Act.

(e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Company as on 31st March, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of its associate companies, none of the

directors of the Company, its associate companies incorporated in India is disqualified as on 31st March, 2021 from being

appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.

(f) With respect to the adequacy of internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating

effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure-C"

(g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit

and Auditor's) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations

given to us:

i. The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the

Company, its associates. Refer Note 26 (b) to the consolidated financial statements.

ii. The Company and its associates did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivative

contracts.

iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company

and its associate companies.

For Gupta Vaish & Co. Chartered Accountants Registration Number: 005087C

Date: 29-06-2021 Place: Kanpur

Rajendra Gupta (PARTNER) Membership Number: 073250

UDIN NO:21073250AAAACC7045

ANNEXURE "C" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF JAYKAY ENTERPRISES LIMITED

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the company as of and for the year ended 31st March, 2021, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of JAYKAY ENTERPRISES LIMITED ("the Company") and its associates entity as of that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Respective Board of Directors of the Company and the Company and its associate entity, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's and its associate entity internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to

permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company and its associate entity, have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Gupta Vaish & Co. Chartered Accountants Registration Number: 005087C

Date: 29-06-2021 Place: Kanpur

Rajendra Gupta (PARTNER)

Membership Number: 073250

Jaykay Enterprises Limited Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31-03-2021

| | | | Amount in ₹ |
|-----------------------------------|----------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Note No. | As At 31st MARCH 2021 | As At 31st MARCH 2020 |
| ASSETS | | | |
| Non-current Assets | | | |
| (a) Property, Plant and Equipment | 1 | 5,17,30,488 | 39,19,89 |
| (b) Investment Property | 2 | 60,69,261 | 64,62,49 |
| (c) Financial Assets | | | |
| (i). Investments | 3 | 39,55,08,045 | 24,13,06,71 |
| (ii). Others | 4 | 4,75,00,000 | 2,50,00,00 |
| Current Assets | | | |
| (a) Inventories | 5 | 25,70,592 | 25,70,59 |
| (b) Financial Assets | | | |
| (i). Cash and cash equivalents | 6 | 23,19,78,662 | 35,48,09 |
| (ii). Bank Balances | 7 | 20,37,04,654 | 27,08,07,79 |
| (iii). Loans | 8 | 6,87,50,000 | 5,25,00,00 |
| (c) Current Tax Assets (Net) | 9 | 93,88,781 | 1,18,14,52 |
| (d) Other current assets | 10 | 1,11,95,364 | 1,17,05,28 |
| Total Assets | | 1,02,83,95,847 | 62,96,35,39 |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity | | | |
| (a) Equity Share Capital | 11 | 4,35,04,752 | 3,71,34,75 |
| (b) Fully Convertiable Warrants | | 2,25,47,500 | |
| (c) Share Premium | | 5,73,30,000 | |
| (d) Other Equity | 12 | 86,56,75,399 | 54,88,92,92 |
| LIABILITIES | | | |
| Non Current Liabilities | | | |
| Provisions | 13 | 21,54,000 | 21,10,00 |
| Current Liabilities | | | |
| (a) Financial Liabilities | | | |
| (i).Trade payables | 14 | 8,37,864 | 38,12,86 |
| (b). Other current liabilities | 15 | 3,45,27,864 | 3,43,15,45 |
| (c). Provisions | 16 | 18,18,468 | 33,69,39 |
| Total Equity and Liabilities | | 1,02,83,95,847 | 62,96,35,39 |

The accompanying notes to the financial statements 1-32 This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

For Gupta Vaish & CO. Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Jaykay Enterprises Limited

Partner

ASHOK GUPTA Managing Director

PRABHAT KUMAR MISHRA CFO & Company Secretary

Place : Kanpur

Date: 29th June, 2021

Directors

Consolidated Profit and Loss Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2021

Amount in ₹ Note For the year ended For the year ended 31st March 2021 31st March 2020 No. **Revenue From Operations** Revenue From Operations 17 30,80,000 30,80,000 18 5,05,78,621 Other Income 31,05,16,686 Total Income 31,35,96,686 5,36,58,621 **EXPENSES** Employee benefit expenses 19 1,84,54,445 2,45,48,990 Finance costs 20 23,237 91 Depreciation and amortization expense 10,44,302 9,84,436 Other expenses 21 3,38,63,850 3,34,74,150 Total expenses 5,33,85,834 5,90,07,667 Profit/(loss) before exceptional items and tax 26,02,10,852 (53,49,046)Exceptional items Profit/(loss) before tax 26,02,10,852 (53,49,046)Tax expense: - Current tax Profit/(loss) for the year 26,02,10,852 (53,49,046)Other Comprehensive Income Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Fair Value change on Equity Instrument through Other Comprehensive 10,01,14,318 (7,28,44,352)Income [Net of Tax] Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Re-measurement of defined benefits Plan 52,442 (89,899)Total comprehensive income for the year 36,03,77,612 (7,82,83,297)Earning per Equity Share of ₹ 1/- each : - Basic - After Comprehansive Income 9.52 (2.11)- Diluted - After Comprehansive Income 7.69 (2.11)

The accompanying notes to the financial statements 1-32

This is the statement of Profit & Loss referred to in our report of even date.

For Gupta Vaish & CO.
Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Jaykay Enterprises Limited

Partner ASHOK GUPTA

Managing Director

PRABHAT KUMAR MISHRA CFO & Company Secretary

Place : Kanpur

Date : 29th June, 2021

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Directors

JAYKAY ENTERPRISES LIMITED

Place: Kanpur Date: 29th June, 2021.

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2021

| CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR | | 2020-2021 ₹ | | 2019-2020 ₹ |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit / (Loss) before Tax and exceptional items as per | | 26,02,10,852 | | (53,49,046) |
| Adjusted for Adjustment of Capital Reserve Depreciation Interest Interest Received Dividend Income Loss/Assets Written Off OCI Adjustment | (4,35,95,142) 10,44,302 23,237 (2,57,08,730) (1,79,660) 11,727 52,442 | | (1,14,23,992) 9,84,436 91 (2,92,77,522) (20,00,941) 2,688 (89,899) | |
| Provisions / Balances written back Profit on sale of assets | (4,82,719) (16,63,14,990) | | - | |
| Profit on sale of Investment (Net) Operating Profit/(Loss) before Working Capital Change | | <u>(23,51,49,533)</u> <u>2,50,61,319</u> | (3,000) | <u>(4,18,08,139)</u> <u>(4,71,57,185)</u> |
| Adjusted for | | | | |
| (Increase)/Decrease in Loans & Advances Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payables & Other Cash Generated from Operations | Liabilities (1,46,84,823) (37,86,794) | (1,84,71,617) 65,89,702 | 7,61,21,326 2,22,95,423 | 9,84,16,749 5,12,59,564 |
| Refund /(Income Tax Payment) Net Cash Used in Operating Activities | | 43,20,870 1,09,10,572 | | 6,58,698 5,19,18,262 |
| B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Movement in Fixed Deposits Increase in Equity Capital | | 4,46,03,140 2,89,17,500 | | (6,94,35,517) |
| Share Premium Acquisition of Fixed Assets Investment in Associates Company | | 5,73,30,000 (4,86,64,350) | | (1,19,040) (3,00,00,000) |
| Other Investments Sale of Assets Sale of Investments (Net) | | (5,40,87,015) 16,65,13,886 | | 1,25,29,395 - 3,600 |
| Interest Income Dividend Income Net Cash From Investing Activities | | 2,27,50,416 1,79,660 21,75,43,237 | | 2,43,42,403 20,00,941 (6,06,78,218) |
| C. CASH FLOW USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIE | ES | | | |
| Interest Paid Net Cash Used In Financing Activities | | (23,237) | | (91) |
| Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents | (A+B+C) | 22,84,30,572 | | (87,60,047) |
| Opening Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents Closing Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents | | 35,48,090 23,19,78,662 | | 1,23,08,137 35,48,090 |
| Notes: 1. Cash and cash equivalents consist of cheques,st of upto three months. 2. Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalent | t: | | naturity | |
| Cash and cash equivalent as per Note No. As per our report of even date attached | | 23,19,78,662 | | 35,48,090 |
| For Gupta Vaish & CO. Chartered Accountants | For and on behalf of the Board of Jaykay Enterprises Limited | of Directors of | _ | |
| Partner | ASHOK GUPTA Managing Director | | | |
| | | | | _ |
| | PRABHAT KUMAR MISHRA C.F.O & Company Secretary | | | Directors |

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Jaykay Enterpríses Límíted

NOTES on Consolidated Financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021 STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY Consolidated Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31st March, 2021 A EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

| A EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL | | | | Amount in ₹ |
|---|-----------------------|-------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| | As at 31st March 2021 | March 2021 | As at 31st | As at 31st March 2020 |
| | No. of Shares | Amount | No. of Shares | Amount |
| Balance at the beginning of the year | 37134752 | 3,71,34,752 | 37134752 | 3,71,34,752 |
| Changes in equity share capital during the year | 6370000 | 63,70,000 | | 1 |
| Balance as At 31st March, 2021 | 43504752 | 4,35,04,752 | 37134752 | 3,71,34,752 |
| Fully Convertible Warrants (25% Paid-up) | 9019000 | 2,25,47,500 | | 1 |
| Share Premium A/c. | | 5,73,30,000 | | • |

B Other Equity As on 31st March, 2021

| As on size indicit, sozi | • | | | | | |
|--|---|-----------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|---|
| | Retained Earnings | Capital Reserve | Capital Redemption Reserve | Share Premium Account | Other Comprehensive Income | Total |
| Balance at the beginning of the reporting period i.e. 1st April,2020 | 1,41,78,745 | 46,72,18,630 | 12,85,555 | 84,70,855 | 5,77,39,144 | 54,88,92,929 |
| Less : Transfer to Profit & Loss (Share in Associate Co.) i. J.K.Cotton Limited ii. Nebula3D Services Pvt. Limited Less : Movement in OCI - J.K.Cotton Ltd. | | (4,35,95,142) | | | | (4,35,95,142) |
| Balance in Profit & Loss statement : Balance in Statement of P & L Add : Share of Associates Company I.A.Cotton Limited ii. Nebula3D Services Pvt. Limited | 16,25,81,137 10,14,29,826 (38,00,111) | • | | | | 26,02,10,852 |
| Re-measurement of defined benefits Plan: Re-measurement of defined benefits Plan (OCI) Add : Share of OCI in Associates Co. i. Jr.Cotton United ii. Nebula3D Services Pvt. Limited | 52,442 | | , | , | | 52,442 |
| Fair Value change on Equity Instrument through Other Comprehensive Income [Net of Tax] Fair Value Change in Statement of P & L Add : Share of OCI in Associates Co. i. J.K.Cotton Limited ii. Nebula3D Services Pvt. Limited Add : Ind AS 115 Adjustment | | | , | | 10,01,14,318 | 10,01,14,318 |
| Balance at the end of the reporting period i.e. 31st March,2021 As on 31st March, 2020 | 27,44,42,039 | 42,36,23,488 | 12,85,555 | 84,70,855 | 15,78,53,462 | 86,56,75,399 |
| | Retained Earnings | Capital Reserve | Capital Redemption Reserve | Share Premium Account | Other Comprehensive Income | Total |
| Balance at the beginning of the reporting period i.e. 1st April,2019 Less : Transfer to Profit & Loss (Share in Associate Co.) Less : Movement in OC - I.K. Cotton Ltd. | 16,93,61,728 | 47,86,42,622 | 12,85,555 | 84,70,855 | 13,09,13,115 | 78,86,73,875 (1,14,23,992) (3,29,619) |
| Balance in Profit & Loss statement: Balance in Statement of P & L Add : Share of Associates Company i. J.K.Cotton Limited ii. Nebula3D Services Pvt. Limited | (44,21,542) 6,13,448 (15,40,952) | | | , | | (53,49,046) |
| Re-measurement of defined benefits Plan: Re-measurement of defined benefits Plan (OCI) Add : Share of OCI in Associates Co. i. J.K.Cotton Limited ii. Nebula3D Services Pvt. Limited | 88,000 (1,77,899) | | • | | | (89,899) |
| Fair Value change on Equity Instrument through Other Comprehensive Income [Net of Tax] Fair Value Change in Statement of P & L Add: Share of OCI in Associates Co. i. J.K.Cotton Limited ii. Nebula3D Services Pvt. Limited | | | | | (7,28,44,352) | (7,28,44,352) |
| Add: Ind AS 115 Adjustment Balance at the end of the reporting period i.e. 31st March,2020 | (14,97,44,038) | 46,72,18,630 | 12,85,555 | 84,70,855 | 5,77,39,144 | (14,97,44,038) 54,88,92,929 |

Jaykay Enterprises Limited

NOTE NO. 1

NOTES on Consolidated Financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021 PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT

| 110 511 | ווכן בונון, במנו מבלכוו וובונו | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|--|---------------------|-------------|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| : | i | | Gross Block | 3lock | | | Depreciation | iation | | Net Block | Slock |
| SI. No. | Fixed Assets | As at 31-03-2020 | Additions | Adjustment/ Deductions | As at 31-03-2021 | As at 31-03-2020 | For the Year | Adjustment/ Deductions | As at 31-03-2021 | As at 31-03-2021 | As at 31-03-2020 |
| 1 | Leasehold Land | 44,436 | 1 | ı | 44,436 | 6,951 | 1 | İ | 6,951 | 37,485 | 37,485 |
| 2 | Buildings | | | | | | | | | | |
| | - Non Investment Property | 2,26,49,067 | 4,86,01,350 | ı | 7,12,50,417 | 1,98,27,197 | 3,10,503 | ı | 2,01,37,700 | 5,11,12,717 | 28,21,870 |
| е | Plant & Equipment | 39,60,268 | 63,000 | 68,300 | 39,54,968 | 32,67,542 | 3,85,796 | 62,262 | 35,91,076 | 3,63,892 | 6,92,726 |
| 4 | Furiture & Fixtures and Office Equipment | 2,40,336 | 1 | • | 2,40,336 | 1,49,151 | 20,521 | Î | 1,69,672 | 70,664 | 91,185 |
| 5 | Vehicle | 20,39,910 | 1 | 8,71,640 | 11,68,270 | 17,63,280 | 87,318 | 8,28,058 | 10,22,540 | 1,45,730 | 2,76,630 |
| | TOTAL | 2,89,34,017 | 4,86,64,350 | 9,39,940 | 7,66,58,427 | 2,50,14,121 | 8,04,138 | 8,90,320 | 2,49,27,939 | 5,17,30,488 | 39,19,896 |
| | Previous Year | 2,88,68,727 | 1,19,041 | 53,751 | 2,89,34,017 | 2,43,21,581 | 7,43,602 | 51,062 | 2,50,14,121 | 39,19,896 | 45,47,146 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

7 NOTE NO.

| | Gross Block Depreciation Net Block | at Additions Additions Actions Deductions 31-03-2021 31-03-2020 For the Year Deductions 31-03-2021 31-03-2020 31-03-2020 | | 3,48,764 93,36,958 32,23,223 2,40,164 1,95,690 32,67,697 60,69,261 64,62,499 | 6,85,722 - 3,48,764 93,36,958 32,23,223 2,40,164 1,95,690 32,67,697 60,69,261 64,62,499 | - 96,85,722 |
|---------------------|------------------------------------|--|-----------|--|---|---------------|
| | | | | | | ,2 85,389 |
| | | | | | | 96,85,722 |
| | ; Block | Adjustment/ Deductions | | 3,48,764 | 3,48,764 | - |
| | Gross | Additions | | • | - | |
| | | As at 31-03-2020 | | 96,85,722 | 96,85,722 | 96,85,722 |
| PROPERTY | Fixed Accerc | | Buildings | Investment Proverty | TOTAL | Previous Year |
| INVESTMENT PROPERTY | S S | ; ; | 1 | | | |

| | DARTICHIARC | As At | As At |
|-------|---|---------------|---------------|
| | PARTICULARS | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 |
| 3 | Non-Current Investment Investments :- | | |
| | - Quoted | 20,56,85,718 | 10,55,71,400 |
| | - Unquoted | 15,98,22,327 | 10,57,35,312 |
| | - Non Convertiable Preference Share | 3,00,00,000 | 3,00,00,000 |
| | TOTAL NON-CURRENT INVESTMENT | 39,55,08,045 | 24,13,06,712 |
| | Aggregate amount for Impairment in value of Investments | - | 7,28,44,352 |
| | Aggregate amount of quoted investment | 20,56,85,718 | 10,55,71,400 |
| | Market value of quoted Investment | 20,56,85,718 | 10,55,71,400 |
| | Aggregate amount of unquoted investment | 15,98,22,327 | 10,57,35,312 |
| | Category-wise non current Investment | | |
| | Investment carried at cost | 18,93,72,771 | 13,14,85,645 |
| | Investment measured at FVTOCI | 20,61,35,274 | 10,98,21,067 |
| 4 | Other Non current Financial Asset | 4.75.00.000 | 2.50.00.00 |
| | Fixed Deposits (More than One year) | 4,75,00,000 | 2,50,00,000 |
| | | 4,75,00,000 | 2,50,00,000 |
| | INT ASSET Inventories | | |
| 5 | Stock-in-trade(Land and Building) | 25,70,592 | 25,70,592 |
| | Stock-in-trade(Land and Ballang) | 25,70,592 | 25,70,592 |
| INANC | CIAL ASSETS | | |
| ASH A | AND BANK BALANCES | | |
| 6 | Cash and Cash Equivalent | | |
| | Balance With Banks | | |
| | - In Current Accounts | 8,49,57,821 | 28,06,407 |
| | - In Fixed Deposits | | |
| | a). Upto 3 months | 14,65,00,000 | |
| | Cheques on Hand | 4,88,935 | 7,05,109 |
| | Cash on Hand | 31,906 | 36,574 |
| | | 23,19,78,662 | 35,48,090 |
| 7 | Balance with Banks | | |
| | Bank Balances (Fixed Deposits upto One year) (including pledged with bank ₹ 1,18,69,057/-) | 20,37,04,654 | 27,08,07,794 |
| | | 20,37,04,654 | 27,08,07,794 |
| _OAN | s | | |
| 8 | LOANS: | | |
| | - Un-secured Considered Good | | |
| | i. Related Parties | 62,50,000 | |
| | ii. Others | 6,25,00,000 | 5,25,00,000 |
| | | 6,87,50,000 | 5,25,00,000 |

| NOTES on Consolidated Financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2 | 2021 |
|---|------|
|---|------|

| | PARTICULARS | As At 31 March 2021 | As At 31 March 2020 |
|----|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 9 | CURRENT TAX ASSETS | | |
| | Current Tax (Net of Provision) | 45,92,728 | 44,68,797 |
| | Income Tax Recoverable | 47,96,053 | 73,45,723 |
| | | 93,88,781 | 1,18,14,520 |
| 10 | OTHER CURRENT ASSETS | | |
| 10 | Prepaid expenses | 2,99,197 | 2,50,857 |
| | Interest Receivable | 81,01,423 | 70,38,240 |
| | Other Advances | | . , |
| | | 11,29,875 | 27,51,321 |
| | Other Deposits | 16,64,869 1,11,95,364 | 16,64,869 1,17,05,287 |
| 11 | Equity Share Capital <u>Authorised:</u> | | |
| | 1250000000 Equity shares of Rs. 1/- each | 1,25,00,00,000 | 1,25,00,00,000 |
| | Cumulative redeemable preference shares | | |
| | 200000, 11% of Rs. 100/- each | 2,00,00,000 | 2,00,00,000 |
| | 600000, 14% of Rs. 100/- each | 6,00,00,000 | 6,00,00,000 |
| | 200000, 15% of Rs. 100/- each | 2,00,00,000 | 2,00,00,000 |
| | 500000 Unclassified shares of Rs. 100/- each | 5,00,00,000 | 5,00,00,000 |
| | | 1,40,00,00,000 | 1,40,00,00,000 |
| | Issued, Subscribed & Paid Up | | |
| | 37134752 Equity shares of Rs. 1/- each | 3,71,34,752 | 3,71,34,752 |
| | 6370000 Issued Equity shares of Rs. 1/- each during the year | 63,70,000 | = |
| | | 4,35,04,752 | 3,71,34,752 |
| | | No. of Shares | No. of Shares |
| | Equity Shares at the Beginning of the year | 37134752 | 37134752 |
| | Changes during the year (Refer to Note#29) (6370000 Equity Shares issued on Preferential Basis of Re.1/- each) | 6370000 | - |
| | Equity Shares at the end of the year | 43504752 | 37134752 |
| | Fully Convertiable Warrants (9019000 Fully Convertiable Warrants of Rs.10/- each (25% paid-up) issued to be Converted with in 18 months from the date of allotment) | 2,25,47,500 | - |
| | Share Premium | 5,73,30,000 | - |
| | Details Of Shareholders Holding More Than 5 % Shares | | |
| | As At 31 March 2021 | As At 31 M | arch 2020 |

| Name of Shareholder | As At 31 M | arch 2021 | As At 31 Ma | rch 2020 |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Name of Shareholder | No. of Shares Held | % of Shares Held | No. of Shares Held | % of Shares Held |
| 1. Smt. Sushila Devi Singhania | 4342787 | 9.98% | 4342787 | 11.69% |
| 2. Shri Yadu Pati Singhania | - | - | 2048535 | 5.52% |
| 3. Shri Abhishek Singhania | 5342368 | 12.28% | 293833 | 0.79% |
| 4. I. K. Traders Ltd. | 7832142 | 18.00% | 4462142 | 12.02% |

Jaykay Enterprises Limited

NOTES on Consolidated Financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

12 Other Equity

| | Reatined Earnings | Capital Reserve | Capital Redemption Reserve | Share Premium Account | Other Comprehensive Income | Total |
|--|--------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|
| Balance as per last balance as on 1st April, 2020 | 1,41,78,745 | 46,72,18,630 | 12,85,555 | 84,70,855 | 5,77,39,144 | 54,88,92,929 |
| Less : Transfer to Profit & Loss (Share in Associate Co.) i. J.K.Cotton Limited Less : Movement in OCI - J.K.Cotton Ltd. | 1 1 | (4,35,95,142) | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | (4,35,95,142) |
| Balance in Profit & Loss statement: Balance in Statement of P & L Add: Share of Associates Company | 16,25,81,137 | 1 | ı | • | , | 26,02,10,852 |
| i. J.K.Cotton Limited ii. Nebula3D Services Pvt. Limited | 10,14,29,826 (38,00,111) | | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | |
| Re-measurement of defined benefits Plan: Re-measurement of defined benefits Plan (OCI) Add : Share of OCI in Associates Co. | • | 1 1 | | | 1 1 | 52,442 |
| i. J.K.Cotton Limited ii. Nebula3D Services Pvt. Limited | 52,442 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | | |
| Fair Value change on Equity Instrument through Other Comprehensive Income [Net of Tax] Fair Value Change on Equity in Statement of P & L Add: Share of Associates Company | 1 | ' | 1 | • | 10,01,14,318 | 10,01,14,318 |
| i. J.K.Cotton Limited ii. Nebula3D Services Pvt. Limited Add: Ind AS 115 Adjustment | | | 1 1 1 | 1 1 1 | 1 1 1 | , |
| Balance at the end of 31st March,2021 | 27,44,42,039 | 42,36,23,488 | 12,85,555 | 84,70,855 | 15,78,53,462 | 86,56,75,399 |
| | | | | | | |

| | Reatined Earnings | Capital Reserve | Capital Redemption Reserve | Share Premium Account | Other Comprehensive Income | Total |
|--|-------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|
| Balance as per last balance as on 1st April, 2019 | 16,93,61,728 | 47,86,42,622 | 12,85,555 | 84,70,855 | 13,09,13,115 | 78,86,73,875 |
| Less : Transfer to Profit & Loss (Share in Associate Co.) | 1 | (1.14.23.992) | I | Ī | ı | (1.14.23.992) |
| Less : Movement in OCI - J.K.Cotton Ltd. | • | - | 1 | 1 | (3,29,619) | (3,29,619) |
| Balance in Profit & Loss statement : | | | | | | |
| Balance in Statement of P & L | (44,21,542) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | (53,49,046) |
| Add : Share of Associates Company | | | | | | |
| i. J.K.Cotton Limited | 6,13,448 | • | • | • | 1 | |
| ii. Nebula3D Services Pvt. Limited | (15,40,952) | | | | | |
| Re-measurement of defined benefits Plan : | | | | | | (86) |
| Re-measurement of defined benefits Plan (OCI) | 88,000 | • | 1 | 1 | ı | |
| Add: Share of OCI in Associates Co. | | | | | | |
| i. J.K.Cotton Limited | (1,77,899) | • | 1 | | Ī | |
| ii. Nebula3D Services Pvt. Limited | • | • | 1 | - | • | |
| Fair Value change on Equity Instrument through Other Comprehensive Income Net of Tax | | | | | | (7,28,44,352) |
| Fair Value Change on Equity in Statement of P & L | • | 1 | 1 | ı | (7,28,44,352) | |
| Add : Share of Associates Company | | | | | | |
| i. J.K.Cotton Limited | • | • | 1 | 1 | ı | |
| ii. Nebula3D Services Pvt. Limited | • | • | 1 | 1 | ı | |
| Add : Ind AS 1145 Adjustment | (14,97,44,038) | 1 | ı | ı | ī | (14,97,44,038) |
| | | | | | | |
| Balance at the end of 31st March,2020 | 1,41,78,745 | 46,72,18,630 | 12,85,555 | 84,70,855 | 5,77,39,144 | 54,88,92,929 |
| Notes to Other Equity :- | | | | | | |

Notes to Other Equity:12(i). Retained earnings is the cumulative profits of the Company and effect of re-measurement defined obligations.
This reserve can be utilized in accordance with the provision of the Companies Act, 2013.
(ii). Other Comprehansive Income (OCI) represents the Fair Value Changes of Specified items which would be re-classified to profit or loss account in future years.

NOTES on Consolidated Financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

NON CURRENT LIABILITIES

| PARTICULARS | As At | As At | |
|--|--------------------|---------------|--|
| | 31 March 2021 | 31 March 2020 | |
| 13 PROVISIONS: | | | |
| Provision for Employees benefits | 21,54,000 | 21,10,000 | |
| | 21,54,000 | 21,10,000 | |
| | | | |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| FINANCIAL LIABILITIES | | | |
| Micro Enterprises & Small Enterprises | - | - | |
| i. Others | 8,37,864 | 38,12,860 | |
| | 8,37,864 | 38,12,860 | |
| | | | |
| 15 OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| Security Deposits | 10,05,000 | 10,05,000 | |
| Payable to Debenture holders/Preference Shares holders * | 72,91,939 | 72,96,567 | |
| Statutory Dues | 6,75,716 | 12,38,057 | |
| Other Payables | 2,55,55,209 | 2,47,75,834 | |
| | 3,45,27,864 | 3,43,15,458 | |
| * These amounts have been claimed by Debentures/Preference Shares holders abeyance due to non-completion of legal formalities. | but held in | | |
| Note :- Other Payables includes Employees Liabilities and advance against Sale | e of Property etc. | | |
| 16 PROVISIONS: | | | |
| Provision For Employees Benefit | 18.18.468 | 33,69,391 | |
| Trovision for Employees Benefit | 18,18,468 | 33,69,391 | |
| | 10,10,400 | | |

NOTES on Consolidated Financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

| | PARTICULARS | Year ended 31st March 2021 | Year ended 31st March 2020 |
|----|--|--|---|
| 17 | Revenue From Operations | | |
| | Registrar & Transfer Agent Services | 30,80,000 | 30,80,000 |
| | g | 30,80,000 | 30,80,000 |
| 18 | Other Income: | | |
| | Interest Income | 2,57,08,730 | 2,92,76,956 |
| | Dividend Income | 1,79,660 | 20,00,941 |
| | Other Non-Operating Income :- | | |
| | Rent Received on Investment Property | 54,70,333 | 55,80,000 |
| | Rent Received Others | 68,50,400 | 77,17,000 |
| | Profit On Sale Of Investments | - | 3,000 |
| | Profit On Sale Of Assets | 16,63,14,990 | |
| | Miscellaneous Receipts | 83,62,858 | 60,00,72 |
| | | 21,28,86,971 | 5,05,78,623 |
| | Chara of Drofit of Associates Communica | 9,76,29,715 | |
| | Share of Profit of Associates Companies | | E 05 70 631 |
| | | 31,05,16,686 | 5,05,78,621 |
| 10 | EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSES | | |
| LJ | Salaries And Wages | 1,44,55,521 | 1,94,55,424 |
| | Contribution To Provident And Other Funds | 19,11,728 | 32,58,686 |
| | Staff Welfare Expenses | 20,87,196 | 18,34,880 |
| | Stail Wellare Expenses | 1,84,54,445 | 2,45,48,990 |
| 20 | FINANCE COSTS | | |
| | Interest | 23,237 | 9: |
| | | 23,237 | 91 |
| | | | |
| | DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION EXPENSES | | |
| | Depreciation | 10,44,302 | 9,84,430 |
| | | 10,44,302 | 9,84,436 |
| 21 | OTHER EXPENSES | | |
| | Administrative Expense | | |
| | Insurance | 13,10,634 | 13,56,648 |
| | Rent | 51,00,003 | 57,00,000 |
| | Port Folio Management Charges | 1,64,645 | 1,16,26 |
| | Rates & Taxes | 5,69,673 | 5,32,21 |
| | Directors' Fee Auditors' Remuneration | 3,03,260 | 2,90,46 |
| | - Audit Fee | 70,800 | 70,80 |
| | - Other Services | 35,400 | 17,70 |
| | Telephone Expenses | 1,10,997 | 1,19,90 |
| | Advertisement Other than Sales Promotion | 14,46,384 | 7,44,79 |
| | Travelling Expenses | 3,39,626 | 5,02,03 |
| | Conveyance Expenses | 1,33,012 | 1,32,27 |
| | Transport Expenses | 5,32,127 | 7,31,58 |
| | Office Running/Upkeeping Expenses | 13,48,531 | 14,50,50 |
| | Electricity charges | 15,65,826 | 13,63,85 |
| | Establishment Expenses | 52,75,180 | 46,05,29 |
| | Security service charges | 7,94,823 | 11,45,21 |
| | Other professional charges | 51,95,070 | 15,77,71 |
| | Otto | 2,02,689 | |
| | Other professional charges (Foregin) | | |
| | Retainer Fee | 45,18,256 | 34,96,25 |
| | Retainer Fee Legal expenses | 45,18,256 5,51,650 | 34,96,25 26,43,84 |
| | Retainer Fee Legal expenses Interest Paid Others | 45,18,256 5,51,650 2,85,282 | 26,43,84 |
| | Retainer Fee Legal expenses Interest Paid Others Repairs and Maintenance Expenses | 45,18,256 5,51,650 2,85,282 21,68,617 | 26,43,84 25,76,76 |
| | Retainer Fee Legal expenses Interest Paid Others Repairs and Maintenance Expenses Printing & Stationery | 45,18,256 5,51,650 2,85,282 21,68,617 1,15,501 | 26,43,84 25,76,76 10,28,34 |
| | Retainer Fee Legal expenses Interest Paid Others Repairs and Maintenance Expenses Printing & Stationery Annual Custody Fee | 45,18,256 5,51,650 2,85,282 21,68,617 1,15,501 3,47,413 | 26,43,84 25,76,76 10,28,34 3,46,85 |
| | Retainer Fee Legal expenses Interest Paid Others Repairs and Maintenance Expenses Printing & Stationery Annual Custody Fee Charges General | 45,18,256 5,51,650 2,85,282 21,68,617 1,15,501 3,47,413 1,08,716 | 26,43,84 25,76,76 10,28,34 3,46,85 4,08,83 |
| | Retainer Fee Legal expenses Interest Paid Others Repairs and Maintenance Expenses Printing & Stationery Annual Custody Fee Charges General Listing Fee | 45,18,256 5,51,650 2,85,282 21,68,617 1,15,501 3,47,413 1,08,716 3,54,000 | 26,43,84 25,76,76 10,28,34 3,46,85 4,08,83 |
| | Retainer Fee Legal expenses Interest Paid Others Repairs and Maintenance Expenses Printing & Stationery Annual Custody Fee Charges General Listing Fee Processing Fee | 45,18,256 5,51,650 2,85,282 21,68,617 1,15,501 3,47,413 1,08,716 3,54,000 2,12,400 | 26,43,84 25,76,76 10,28,34 3,46,85 4,08,83 3,54,00 |
| | Retainer Fee Legal expenses Interest Paid Others Repairs and Maintenance Expenses Printing & Stationery Annual Custody Fee Charges General Listing Fee Processing Fee Internet & Email Charges | 45,18,256 5,51,650 2,85,282 21,68,617 1,15,501 3,47,413 1,08,716 3,54,000 2,12,400 1,37,713 | 26,43,84 25,76,76 10,28,34 3,46,85 4,08,83 3,54,00 |
| | Retainer Fee Legal expenses Interest Paid Others Repairs and Maintenance Expenses Printing & Stationery Annual Custody Fee Charges General Listing Fee Processing Fee Internet & Email Charges Annual Maintenance Charges | 45,18,256 5,51,650 2,85,282 21,68,617 1,15,501 3,47,413 1,08,716 3,54,000 2,12,400 1,37,713 1,43,016 | 26,43,84 25,76,76 10,28,34 3,46,85 4,08,83 3,54,00 55,65 1,39,52 |
| | Retainer Fee Legal expenses Interest Paid Others Repairs and Maintenance Expenses Printing & Stationery Annual Custody Fee Charges General Listing Fee Processing Fee Internet & Email Charges | 45,18,256 5,51,650 2,85,282 21,68,617 1,15,501 3,47,413 1,08,716 3,54,000 2,12,400 1,37,713 1,43,016 4,22,606 | 26,43,84 25,76,76 10,28,34 3,46,85 4,08,83 3,54,00 55,65 1,39,52 |
| | Retainer Fee Legal expenses Interest Paid Others Repairs and Maintenance Expenses Printing & Stationery Annual Custody Fee Charges General Listing Fee Processing Fee Internet & Email Charges Annual Maintenance Charges Miscelleneous expenses | 45,18,256 5,51,650 2,85,282 21,68,617 1,15,501 3,47,413 1,08,716 3,54,000 2,12,400 1,37,713 1,43,016 | 26,43,84 25,76,76 10,28,34 3,46,85 4,08,83 3,54,00 55,65 1,39,52 10,39,30 3,25,46,64 |
| | Retainer Fee Legal expenses Interest Paid Others Repairs and Maintenance Expenses Printing & Stationery Annual Custody Fee Charges General Listing Fee Processing Fee Internet & Email Charges Annual Maintenance Charges | 45,18,256 5,51,650 2,85,282 21,68,617 1,15,501 3,47,413 1,08,716 3,54,000 2,12,400 1,37,713 1,43,016 4,22,606 | 26,43,84 25,76,76 10,28,34 3,46,85 4,08,83 3,54,00 |

Notes on Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

- 22. (a). Deferred tax assets have not been recognised for the carry forward un-used tax losses as it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the un-used tax losses can be utilised.
 - (b). The Government of India on September 20, 2019, vide the Taxation Law (Amendment) Ordinance 2019, inserted a new section 115BAA in the Income Tax Act,1961, which provides domestic companies a non-reversible option to pay Corporate tax at reduced rate effective, April 1 2019, subject to certain conditions. The company has decided to opt new tax rate under Sec.155BAA of Income Tax Act,1961.

| 23. Earning per Share (EPS) : | 2020-21 | 2019-20 |
|---|--------------|---------------|
| | (Amount | :/₹) |
| a. Net Profit(+)/Loss(-) available for Equity Share holders | 36,03,77,612 | (7,82,83,297) |
| b. Basic earning per Equity Shares of ₹ 1/- each | | |
| i. Number of Equity Shares | 37867738 | 37134752 |
| (Denomiator used for calculation E.P.S. based on weighted average) | | |
| ii. Before and after Ordinery items | 9.52 | (2.11) |
| c. Diluted earings per Equity Share of ₹ 1/- each | | |
| i. Number of Equity Shares | 4,68,86,738 | 37134752 |
| (Denomiator used for calculation E.P.S. based on weighted average) | | |
| ii. Before and after Ordinery items | 7.69 | (2.11) |

24. Segment Reporting

The Company has income from other sources only. Hence, no segment wise information is being furnished.

25. Related Parties Disclosures:

List of related parties with whom transactions have taken place during the year :

- A. Associate Company:
 - i. J. K. Cotton Ltd.
 - ii. Nebula3D Services Pvt. Limited
- B. Key Management Personnel:

Shri Ashok Gupta
 Shri C.P.Agarwal (Ceased w.e.f. 10-11-2020)
 Shri Prabhat Kumar Mishra
 Managing Director
 Chief Finance Officer
 CFO & Company Secretary

C. Entities over Promoters/Directors have significant influence:

i. J.K.Cement Ltd. (Ceased to be related party w.e.f. 01-10-2020)
 ii. AAR EMM Holdings Pvt. Limited (Ceased to be related party w.e.f.22-12-2020)

- D. <u>Directors</u> :-
 - 1. Smt. Vidhi Nidhipati Singhania (Ceased w.e.f.22-12-2020)
 - 2. Smt. Renu Nanda
 - 3. Dr. Krishna Behari Agarwal
 - 4. Shri Ravindra Kumar Tandon
 - 5. Shri Anil Kumar Dalmia
 - 6. Shri Kedar Nath Mehrotra

Details of Transactions are as follows;

1. Remunaration

Key management personnel:

| 1. Shri Ashok Gupta | | ₹ | 27,77,443 |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---|-----------|
| 2. Shri C.P.Agarwal | (Upto 10-11-2020) | ₹ | 14,51,885 |
| 3. Shri Prabhat Kumar Mishra | | ₹ | 23,94,696 |

2. Associate Company:

- i. Nebula3D Services Pvt. Limited:
- a. <u>Finance</u> :

Un Secured Loan :-

| Balance at the beginning of the year | ₹ | - | | |
|--|---|-----------|---|-----------|
| Add : Loan given during the year | ₹ | 62,50,000 | | |
| Total | ₹ | 62,50,000 | | |
| Less : Repayment during the year | ₹ | - | | |
| Balance at the end of the year | ₹ | 62,50,000 | ₹ | 62,50,000 |
| b. Interest recovered on Un Secured Loan | | | ₹ | 3,44,096 |
| c. Rent, Expenses recovered and Services rendered | | | ₹ | 5,900 |
| ii. J.K.Cotton Limited Rent, Expenses recovered and Services rendered | | | ₹ | 1,78,000 |

3. Promoters/Relatives

| Rent, Interest and other expenses paid | ₹ | 3,00,000 |
|--|---|-----------|
| 4. a. Rent, Expenses recovered and Services rendered | | |
| i. J.K.Cement Ltd. (Upto 30-09-2020) | ₹ | 76,44,307 |
| ii. J.K.Traders Ltd. | ₹ | 5,900 |
| iii. Yadu International Ltd. (Upto 30-09-2020) | ₹ | 5,900 |
| iv. AAR EMM Holding Pvt. Limited (upto 31-12-2020) | ₹ | 18,49,650 |
| b. Expenses paid Services rendered | | |
| i. J.K.Consultancy & Sevices Pvt.Ltd. | ₹ | 2,03,364 |
| 5. Sitting Fee paid to Directors | ₹ | 3,03,260 |

26. a. Balances in suppliers and Deposit accounts taken as per books are subject to confirmation/reconciliation and consequential

b. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

AS AT
31-03-2021
(Amount/ ₹)

Indeterminate

In respect of claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts.

- 27. The Financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 29th June, 2021.
- 28. Previous year's figures have been restated/recasted/regrouped wherever necessary to conform to the classification of the year.
- 29. The Company, through Preferential allotment, has allotted 6370000 equity shares of face value of ₹ 1/- each fully paid up and 9019000 fully convertible Warrants of Face Value ₹ 1/- fully paid up at an issue price of ₹ 10/- each per share and Warrant for an aggregate amount of ₹ 15,38,90,000/- on Preferential basis to the persons belonging to Promotor group determined in accordance with the provision of SEBI (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements,2018 as amended).
- 30. The business of the Associate M/s.Nebula3D Services Private Limited has impacted badly due to pandemic disease(Covid-19 first & second wave). However, there is no impact on going concern of the company as the company expects good market in future. Therefore, the management is of the view, there is no need to impair futher in the value of Investment in the Associate.

31. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTS

PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

- i. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the following basis:
 - a. The consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with "Indian Accounting Standard-28" Investments in Associates" issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI).
 - b. The Financial statements of the Company and its Associates have been consolidated on Equity method of accounting for investments in associates.
 - c. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances and are presented, to the extent possible, in the same manner as the Company's separate financial statements.
 - d. Financial Year as accounting year is adopted by the associates and the books are being prepared for the year ending 31st March, 2021.
- ii. The Company considered in the consolidated financial statements is :

| SI. | Name of Company | Nature of Company | Country of Incorporation | Holding as on 31-03-2020 | Period of Consolidation | |
|-----|----------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| 1. | J.K.Cotton Ltd. | Associate | India | 40.34% | Financial Year 2020-21 | |
| 2. | Nebula3D Services Pvt.Ltd. | Associate | India | 27.65% | Financial Year 2020-21 | |

iii. Other Significant Accounting Policies

These are set out under 'Singnificant Accounting Policies' as given in the Standalone Financial Statements of Jaykay Enterprises Ltd.

iv. The Associate Company has prepared the Financial Statements in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard issued by ICAI.

32. Statement persuant to Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to the Associate Company

| | Shares of associate held by the company on the year end | | | | | Profit/(Loss) for the year | | | | |
|-----|---|--|---------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|---|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| SI. | Name of Associate | Latest Audited Balance Sheet date | No. of Shares | Amount of investment in Associate | Extent of Holding % | Networth Attributable to shareholding as per latest balance sheet | Considered in Consolidation | Not Considered in Consolidation | Description of how there is significant Influence | Reason why the associate is not Consolidated |
| 1. | J. K. Cotton Ltd. | 31-03-2021 | 9510360 | 9,45,13,240 | 40.34% | 25,42,62,087 | 10,14,82,268 | - | Due to holding of 40.34 % of share Capital | N.A. |
| 2. | Nebula3D Services Pvt.Ltd. | 31-03-2021 | 545957 | 3,38,95,174 | 27.65% | 3,603 | (38,00,111) | - | Due to holding of 27.65 % of share Capital | N.A. |

[★] Includes OCI (Re-measurement of defined benefits) of ₹ 52,442/-

